

### Mideast water talks set for Peking

PEKING (AFP) — China, showing a desire to expand its role in the Middle East peace process, will host a meeting here this week to explore ways of boosting cooperation over the region's scarce water resources. The three-day multilateral meeting, which opens Tuesday. is the fourth of the working group on water resources since the peace process started, but the first since the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) accord was signed last month. The meeting represents the first time Peking has hosted a meeting related to the represents me first time Peking has hosted a meeting related to the peace process, although China, one of five permanent members of the U.N. Security Council, has said it wanted to play only a limited role. "China supports the Middle East peace talks," a Foreign Ministry spokeswoman said Monday when asked to comment on the significance of this week's meeting. "As the host, China will make efforts for the success of the meeting of multilateral working group on water resources in the Middle East and will continue to make its own contribution to the promotion of the Middle East peace process," she said. More than 30 delegations were to take part and contribute and said. More than 30 delegations were to take part and participants said Monday that the new PLO-Israel accord would provide a new impetus. "We're hopeful to see some progress," said Yosef Ben Dor, coordinator of the Israeli delegation.



#### Bashir orders end to curfew

KHARTOUM (AFP) — Sudan's President Omar Hassan Al Bashir Monday ordered an end to a curfew imposed in Khartoum when he Monday ordered an end to a curiew imposed in Knartoum when he seezed power in a June 1989 coup, telling parliament the curiew should take lifted in one week. General Bashir said that under his rule Khartoum had become one of the safest capitals in the world, but added that he had instructed authorities to prevent any outbreak of chaos following the move. Deputies in the appointed parliament greeted Gen. Bashir's announcement before he called on "sons of Sudan who now carry arms to reconsider their position and think about the results of their activities." He praised efforts by East about the results of their activities." He praised efforts by East African leaders to bring about peace with rebels of the Sudanese People's Liberation Army (SPLA), which has been fighting for a decade to end Islamic northern domination of the mainly Christian and animist south. "We will do our best for the success of this initiative" by Kenya, Ethiopia, Eritrea and Uganda, Mr. Bashir said, adding that it could show the world that Africans were capable of solving their own problems.

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#### France to set up Palestinian TV

PARIS (AFP) — The French state television channel France 2 will set up a Palestinian television station in autonomous Jericho and Gaza Strip by next June, in time for elections there in August, France 2 President Herve Bourges told AFP on Monday. The Pales-tine Liberation Organisation (PLO) contacted France 2 of "of its own accord," Mr. Bourges said, after receiving proposals from the United States, Britain, Germany and Israel. Mr. Bourges and PLO information chief Yasser Abed Rabbo signed an agreement for the new television station last Friday, during an official visit to France by PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat. France 2 and France 3 would take in Palestinian trainces and assist the new station in its negotiations with U.N. agencies and for programme exchanges. Mr. Bourges said the project would be financed by the French gov-ernment, the U.N., the European Community and other international organisations.

#### Saudis, Yemenis resume talks

SANAA (AP) — Yemeni delegation, expressing optimism, headed to Saudi Arabia on Monday for the sixth session of talks on a long standing border dispute. Jaafer Saleb Basaleb, the head of the Yemeni delegation, said he and the others were "optimistic about the seriousness of the talks and the atmosphere of good intentions and mutual trust." In the statement distributed by the official Yemen News Agency SABA, Mr. Basaleh said he hoped the two countries will "achieve what preserves their rights under the prescripts of Islamic and international law." The five previous rounds of the talks on the dispute, held alternatively in the two countries, have produced no tangible resuits. The Saudi team has been led by Mattlab Al-Nafissa of the Foreign Ministry in Riyadh. The sixth session was due to be held in the Saudi capital of Riyadh, and was postponed for two weeks at Saudi request.

#### Talks on W. Sahara start at U.N.

UNITED NATIONS (AFP) Negotiations hetween Morocco and the Polisario Front on the disputed Western Sahara began here Monday, a U.N. spokesman said. Negotiators from the two sides met separately with the U.N. special representative for the disputed area to discuss what format face-to-face talks should take, said spokesman Ahmad Fawzi. The United Nations said Friday that direct talks would begin Monday. Since 1975, the Polisario Front has called for Western Sahara to be independent, while Rabat wants it to be part of Morocco.

#### Mortars, rockets fired at Israelis

TYRE (AFP) — Guerrillas on Monday fired mortars and rockets at Israeli and allied positions in South Lebanon, sparking retaliatory shelling, Lebanese security sources said. No casualties were reported. Three Katyusha rockets and seven mortar shells were fired at Israel's proxy militia, the South Lebanon army (SLA), in Sojud in Israel's selfdeclared "security zone," but missed their targets, the sources said.

#### iran kili N. Korean **World Cup hopes**

DOHA (AFP) - Iran ended North Korea's interest in the Asian World Cup qualifying contest by inflicting a 2-1 defeat here Monday. Iran fought back with two goals from Ali Dazi after North Korea went ahead in the first half through Choe Won-Nam. Iran are fifth with four points from four games but could still get one of two places from the group for the finals in America. North Korea, bottom with two points, are the only team ruled out of the contest (Japan beats S. Korea, page 9).



A Palestinian released from prison Monday is hugged by relatives in the occupied West Bank town of Nablus (AFP photo)

# Israel begins detainee release

Combined agency dispatches

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM — Israel Monday began freeing almost 700 Palestinian prisoners under an agreement with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), hut halted the release of Muslim fundamentalists after the killing of two soldiers. Around 300 were released

by late Monday.

The releases were expected to continue into Monday evening and Tuesday, as Palestinian families gathered in the occupied territories, eagerly awaiting the return of their loved

"Not all of them can be released on Monday for techmical reasons. The rest will be freed on Tuesday," the army spokesman said, adding that 400 of the prisoners came from the West Bank and 260 from the Gaza Strip. The International Commit-

tee of the Red Cross says there are 12.000 Palestinian prisoners in Israeli jails, while Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin points the figure at 9,500.

Military radio said the re-

lease of 23 members of the Islamic Resistance Movement (Hamas) and the Islamic Jihad had been cancelled after militants claimed responsibility for killing two Israeli soldiers on

Sunday (see page 2).
"The prisoners due to be released included a small number of Hamas and Islamic Jihad members. They will re-main in prison," Prime Minis-ter Yitzhak Rabin said on Israeli radio.

On Monday a Hamas militant rammed a car packed with explosives into an Israeli jeep in Gaza City, but the suicide attack failed because the explosives failed to detonate, military radio said. The soldiers were slightly injured hut

managed to arrest the attacker.

Those prisoners allowed out were women, the sick, and those under 18 or older than 50, in accordance with an agreement reached between Israel and the PLO in the Egyptian Red Sea resort of

Taba on Thursday. Hamas and Islamic Jihad have rejected the Israeli-PLO peace accord on limited autonomy for the Palestinians,

signed in Washington on Sept.

Buses took prisoners from several centres across Israel and the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

The release is meant to muster support among Palestinians

for the peace agreement.

Israel holds many Palestinians detained for political activity during the six-year-old Palestinian uprising. It says it will not free those convicted of "Each case will be examined

separately. Those Palestinians who refuse to recognise Israel for ideological reasons and may carry out attacks will not be released," Mr. Rabin said. Israeli Economy Minister Shimon Shetreet said the prisoners to be freed must "sup-

port peace and not have blood on their hands. At the Nahal Oz crossing point from Israel to the West Bank, around 100 men. women and children were waiting from lunchtime, carrying pictures of PLO Chairman

(Continued on page 3)

Yasser Arafat, Palestinian

### **Boycott** of Israel linked to conflict Crown **Prince**

AMMAN (Petra) - The Arah boycott of Israel has always been linked to the Middle East conflict, and after the conflict has been settled the boycott rules will be dealt with accordingly, His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan said Monday.

A settlement of the entire issue should not be made at the expense of one party and in favour of another but within an integrated framework of security and cooperation involving all parties and all peoples, said the Prince at the opening of a workshop on the Sept. 13, Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)-Israel accord,

Organised by the Arab Thought Forum (ATF), the meeting is being attended by Arab and Jordanian intellectuals and politicians.

Following his meeting with U.S. President Bill Clinton and Israeli Foreign Minister Shi-mon Peres in Washington on Oct. 1, the Crown Prince said that it would be "economic suicide" for the Arabs to lift the boycott of Israel without saining something in return. Referring to future pros-

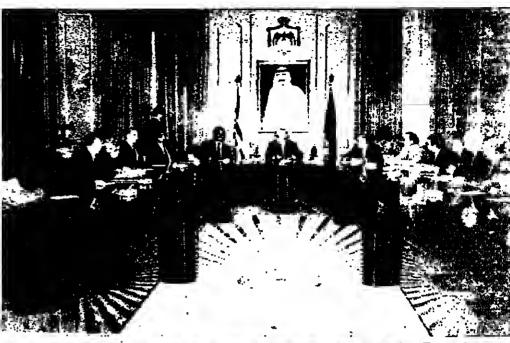
pects, Prince Hassan told the ATF andience that Jordan holds on to its principled stand with regard to the occupied Arab territories.

Since 1967 Jordan has adopted a firm stand with regard to the situation in the region and offered contributions and sacrifices in order to safeguard the Arab character of Jerusalem, the West Bank and the Gaza Strip, Prince Hassan said.

peace process towards achiev-"We hope to see a national Palestinian economy set up in the West Bank and Gaza," he

(Continued on page 5)

said. "There is need to see a



His Majesty King Hussein Monday meets with an American Jewish delegation (Petra photo)

### King meets U.S. Jewish team, calls for comprehensive peace

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Jordan Monday reaffirmed its position that the Arab boycott of Israel could not be dealt with separately from the overall Middle East conflict and urged the Jewish lobby in Washington to use its political influence towards a just and comprehensive settlement to the Arab-Israeli conflicts, an informed source said.

The source said the reaf-

firmation came during a meeting between His Majesty King Hussein and an American Jewish delegation, which arrived here on the third leg of a Middle East tour aimed at easing the secondary effect of the boycott of Israel — a ban on ding with Israel and having close links with Israel.

Reporting the meeting, the Jordan News Agency, Petra, said the King reaffirmed Jordan's stand vis-a-vis regional and international issues and reiterated the Kingdom's commitment to the Middle East ing a just and comprehensive peace in the region and the entire world.

Petra did not give details, but the reference to Jordan's stands and commitment to a just and comrehensive peace in the region implied a reiteration of the position that the issue ofthe boycott of Israel and other byproducts of the Arab-Israeli conflict could only be tackled as part of an overall settlement in the region, analysts said.

"Jordan's position is clear," said the source. "It views all the issues linked with the Arab-Israeli conflict as a compicte package and would not accept to deal with these issues piecemeal without a clear perception of Israeli economic objectives,

right of othes in the region and their economic integrity, added the source, noting that Israel was applying a boycott of Jordanian products by preventing their entry into the West Bank.

It is estimated that Jordan bought Palestinian products from the occupied territories worth \$1.4 hillion since 1967, when Israel occupied the area. But the Kingdom's exports to the Palestinians were zero because of the Israeli ban.

This is an issue expected to be raised during the first meeting, expected next month on the fringes of the 13th round of bilateral Arab-Israeli peace talks in Washington, of the newly created Jordanian-American economic working

group.

During Monday's meeting,
Jordan also called on the visiting American delegation to use the Jewish community's influence in U.S. political circles, particularly the ruling Democratic Party, in favour of finding a comprehensive and lastg settlement between Israe and the Arabs, the source said.

In essence, the Kingdom's position is that it is in the interest of American husinessmen and political groups to seek a comprehensive agreement to the Arab-Israeli conflict since all related issues (Continued on page 3)

### **Qatar to finance self-rule -**

DUBAI (R) - Qatar promised Monday to help finance a Palestinian self-rule authority in the West Bank and Gaza Strip, a Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) official

Hakam Balawi, an official close to PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat, told Reuters by telephone from Doha he had secured the promise from Foreign Minister Sheikh Hamad Ben Jassem Al Thani.

"Not only did (Sheikh Hamad) stress Qatar's political support bot also direct financial aid and active participation in forming the Palestinian authority," Mr. Balawi said. The authority, to be set up

under the PLO-Israel agreement for Palestinian self-rule, is expected to need .about: \$590 million to cover short-term start-up costs. Saudi Arabia, the world's

largest oil producer and exporter, is the only member of the six-country Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) to have pledged a specific amount to Riyadh offered an initial

\$100 million to help them implement the Sept. 13 peace agreement with Israel and more aid later for a long-term development plan.

Mr. Balawi said he expected the GCC members - Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman. Qatar. Saudi

Arabia and the United Arab Emirates - to decide on their exact contributions later this

Mahmoud Abbas, who negotiated and signed the peace deal for the PLO, secured a pledge from UAE President Sheikh Zayed Ben Sultan Al Nahayan during talks in Abu Dhabi on Oct. 18. Until Iraq invaded Kuwait in

August 1990 the GCC was the PLO's main political and financial backer, granting it more than \$1.5 billion in the previous 11 years.
But the Gulf states, angry at

PLO sympathy with Iraq in the Gulf crisis, then stopped all financial aid.

### **WARNING**

\*On November 1992.

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### Aideed-Ali Mahdi ceasefire shattered

Combined agency dispatches

MOGADISHU - A 19month-old truee hetween Somalia's two main warlords broke down Monday as rival forces clashed in their first major battle since the ceasefire was signed.

Reports said at least 20 Somalis were killed and 45 wounded in fierce battles. The final toll was expected to be higher.
U.N. and American troops

stayed out of the fray, mindful of the heavy casualties from an Oct. 3 hattle that killed 1g Americans and some 300 Somalis. U.S. helicopters scrutinised

the action all day but did not intervene other than to drop a smoke flare after a rocket -propelled grenade exploded near the Sahafi Hotel where most journalists stay. There were reports that Pakistani peacekeepers fired warning shots, but no reports that they

had shot at people.

The heavy fighting shattered the relative calm along the city's green line, which separates the southern which separates the southern sector held by warlord Mohammad Farah Aideed and Mogadishu's northern neighbourhoods, controlled by Ali Mahdi Mohammad.

The sniping with small arms and heavy machine guns died down periodically, only to re-

kindle. Captain Tim McDavitt, a U.N. military spokesman, said he had reports that about 10 Somalis were killed in the gunbattle which erupted over plans for a peace demonstra-

tion. Other reports said at least 20 were killed.

He said 20 Somalis were being treated at U.N. peacekeeping hospitals, many with gunshot wounds, and another 25 were at a Somali

The fighting started when Aideed forces fired at a crowd from northern Mogadishu heading for a peace rally in Aideed's southern fiefdom, witnesses said. Gunmen from the north re-

turned fire and some hurled grenades, the witnesses said. The clash took place near the rally site at Villa Somalia, the old presidential palace of deposed dictator Mohammad Siad Barre. About 200 demon-

strators scattered. Gen. Aideed's foreign secretary, Isse Mohammad Siad, denied Gen. Aideed's militia started the fighting and said Gen. Aideed wants to continue the ceasefire he declared Oct. 9.

Up to 30,000 supporters of Mr. Ali Mahdi had planned to march into areas held by Gen. Aideed for what was billed as a peace rally.

It was organised in support of a conference held in north Mogadishu last week to work out talks among clans on both sides of the city.

conference and his militia arrested three of his clan elders who attended it, the U.N. mission's newspaper Maanta said. Thousands of people were killed in Mogadishn last year in fighting between Gen. Aideed's Haber Gedir clan and

the Abgal clan of Mr. Ali

Gen. Aideed boycotted the

### Nigerian dissidents hijack plane to Niger

Combined agency dispatches

NIAMEY - Four armed Nigerians demanding the resignation of the interim government hijacked a domestic flight to Niamey Monday where they released 124 of the 150 people on board the plane, Niger's Transport Minister Souleye Abdouleye said.

The chief of the hijackers, calling himself Kabar, called over the aircraft's radio for the resignation of Nigeria's interim leader, Ernest Shonekan, and his government and demanded the installation of "elected authorities.

He said negotiations with the hijackers were broken off around 4:00 p.m. (1500 GMT), about an hour before the release of 122 passengers. Two flight attendants were later also freed. The Nigeria Airway Airbus A130 has not been refuelled.

Talks would not resume until "all civilians have been freed," the minister added, refusing to specify whether there were military personnel aboard.

Mr. Abdouleye said the hiackers had promised to free children, women and non-Nigerians aboard the plane if it was refuelled and allowed to fly on to Frankfurt, Germany. Nigeria Airways said the flight, hijacked early Monday after it left Lagos for Abuja, the federal capital, carried 137 passengers and 13 crew.

Airport officials denied an earlier statement from the Nigerian transport minister saving that Chinese Vice President Rong Yiren was on board the flight. Four Chinese husinessmen were among those released by the hijack-

Informed sources at Lagos alrport said, however, that Okon Uya, head of the national electoral commission, might have been aboard the plane. In Ahuja, the interim gov-

ernment installed by the outgoing military junta two months ago said it had "made contact with the anthorities of the Niger republic and is taking all necessary steps to ensure the safety of the passengers and to secure release of the airport.

"Meanwhile, the govern-ment assures the public that the situation is under control." Foreign Minister Uche Chukwumerije said.

Mr. Ahiola, the presumed winner of June's presidential elections, which the junta annulied, condemned the hijack. His spokesman said "we have no link at all with the hijack and the hijackers do not

in any way represent us."
Passengers said they had not been hurt by the four hijackers, men in their 30s with pistols and knives.

The bijackers' leader, saying he was speaking for the hitherto unknown movement for the advancement of democracy, said they wanted an immediate end to the transition government's activities and the investiture of "democratically elected authorities." an apparent reference to Mr. Abiola.

### tacks on foreigners hit Algerian economy

ALGIERS (Agencies) -Algeria's battered economy, starved of foreign exchange, is the new target of the armed Islamic groups which have started shooting and kidnapping foreigners, with employeers quietly giving instruc-tions for their families to leave the couotry

The slaying of seven expatriates in the past month, and Sunday's kiduapping of three French consular staff, have badly damaged a campaign mounted in the past few weeks by new Foreign Minister Mohammad Salah Dembri to restore Algeria's reputation.

Families of expatriate staff working for foreign firms. some of which have operated in Algeria for 20 years or so, disclosed Monday that they had been told to leave, though neither diplomatic sources nor company management would officially confirm the move.

The firms include Siemens and Mercedes-Benz of Ger-

Nearly two weeks ago, three armed men held a Mercedes office staffer and his family hostage for nine hours in their Birkhadem suhnrhan home here and told them to pass on a warning to the whole foreign

There are an estimated 1,000 Germans in the country.

The Swiss firm Schlumberger and the U.S. oil company Anadarko were believed to be on the point of making the same evacuation decision, but were holding back for the moment to see what happened to the French hostages.

More than 24 hours after they were seized on a main thoroughfare in the city centre, there was still no news about Jean-Claude Thevenot and his ife Michele and Alain Freys-

Pentagonsays

Ranger battle

proved pivotal

FORT CAMPBELL (R) - A

top Pentagon official said

Sunday that the Oct. 3 clash

between U.S. and Somali

forces, which left 18 Rangers

dead and triggered anger at the

White House, played a pivotal role io Mohammad Farah

Aideed's call for a ceasefire.

Campbell army base to wel-

come returning soldiers from

units caught in the firefight,

Deputy Defeoce Secretar

William Perry told about 2,000

onlookers that U.S. forces

have succeeded in bringing

order to a country ravaged by

famine, but at a heavy price.

casualties, you inflicted casual-

ties on your attackers many

times greater," he said in a

speech to 25 soldiers from the

army's 160th Special Opera-

tions Aviation regiment known

wheeled onto the air field tar-

mac on a hospital guerney to

meet the C-130 transport plane

that hrought his comrades

Chief Warrant Officer

Durant, held captive for 11

days in Somalia after his helicopter was shot down in the

clash, is recuperating from his

Nearly 4,000 turned out for

his return to Fort Campbell

wounds at a base hospital.

as Nightstalkers.

ment.

Oct. 16.

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"Though yon suffered heavy

At a ceremooy oo the fort

They were tied up and put in sacks. The van they were thrown into was found hours later at an unspecified spot, reliable sources said, but there

The French embassy repe-ated advice to be careful, and Ambassador Bernard Kessedjian issued a public statement hoping company chiefs would

had been no word from the

The two-month-old government of Prime Minister Redha Malek, reversing previous policy, has tried hard to woo outside investors by offering liberal inducements the way neighbouring Morocco and Tunisia

They include tax exemptions, financial advantages, complete repatriation of profits and free zones.

The coming year will be especially difficult for the economy, with record external repayments looming while income from Algeria's main exports of oil and gas

Debt servicing is currently calculated at \$9.5 billion for 1994, while income from oil at about \$10 billion to \$10.5 billion would be at least \$1 hillion below forecasts.

There is also an expected \$1 billion import bill, including food and semi-finished products, at a time when Algeria is having trouble opening itself up again to the international

Making foreigners the target of killings and kidnappings has put everything back to square one, in the view of a foreign company head who has been

bere a number of years. "It is prohably going to need a lot of time to make up the

lost ground and get foreign businessmen back on a plane to Algiers," he said.

The Algerian government promised to do everything possible to save the lives of the three French nationals.

Just 24 hours earlier two-Japanese had escaped a kidnap attempt when a police patrol intervened, the authorities

Ioterior Minister Selim Saadi said on national TV Sunday night that the government was "determined to put into action every means of finding the kidnappers and safeguard-ing the life of the three foreign

"France condemns this inadmissible act and demands their release," the French foreign ministry in Paris said in a communique announcing the new abductions. The three worked in the French consulate's visa section.

French Foreign Minister Alain Juppe demanded that Algerian authorities "take the necessary measures to reinforce security for the French community.

A leader in exile of the fundamentalist Islamic Salvation Front urged the three French captives be released as long as they are not intelli-

gence agents.
"If they are innocent French people, I make a sincere appeal to the people who arrested them to free them and not to harm them," Anouar Haddam said in a telephone interview with the French news

agency Agence France-Presse. "It doesn't help the cause unless they are involved," said Mr. Haddam, whose whereabouts were not specified. "It is known that secret service agents are in the embassies."

### Rights group says 3,282 suspects detained in Egypt

CAIRO (AP) — A suspected Muslim extremist was killed and 72 people were injured Sunday when a third riot in as many months erupted in a Cairo prison used to hold ex-

tremist suspects.

Also Sunday, an Egyptian human rights group estimated the government is holding more than 3,000 people as suspected militants, most without formal charges. Officials have refused to say how many sus-pected radicals are jailed. The Egyptian Organisation for Human Pinhts also said it

for Human Rights also said it suspected seven prisoners had died of torture since May. Interior Minister spokesman were not immediately available

for comment on the report. In recent weeks, police have stepped up roundups of suspects to quell a nearly two-year militant compaign to impose Islamie rule in Egypt. At least 225 people have been killed in the 'extremists' attacks and

"In fact, your actions with clashes with police. the Rangers that day effective-Sunday's riot came as police ly diasbled Aideed's militia conducted a raid to confiscate and led directly to his willingillegal possessions from inmates at Ahu Zaabal prison, ness to call for a ceasefire and negotiate for a political settlethe Interior Ministry said. Prisoners took several police hostage during the Melec, but The Nightstalker regiment's most famous member, helicopthey were freed in an assault with tear-gas and smoke ter pilot Michael Durant, was

Fifty-six inmates and 16 police, including six high-ranking officers, were injured in the clash, a ministry statement said. The dead extremist was identified as Al Mohamadi

Mohammad Morsi. A riot between extremist suspects and criminals at Abu Zaahal in late August killed three prisoners and injured 85 inmates and police. Rioting erupted a week later during

another police search, and 50 police were injured.

In the earlier raid, police announced they confiscated a printing press used by extremists to print leaflets, as well as guns, knives and metal objects. International and Egyptian human rights advocates have

criticised prison conditions in Egypt and alleged use of torture to force confessions from suspects. Interior Minister Hassan Al

Alfy has repeatedly refused to reveal the number of suspects detained during the extremists' campaign to topple the secular government.

However, the report by the Egyptian Organisation for Human Rights said that a survey in mid-August showed 3,282 people were held as suspects. The survey was based on statements from defence lawyers and prison sources.

Only 550 suspects are held in connection with court cases, prosecutors' investigations or specifie charges, the report

It said the rest are detained under emergency laws in force since 1981. These laws allow authorities to detain people almost indefinitely under renewable arrest warrants with-

out filing formal charges. The group's report said 51 inmates were beld under warrants even though courts ordered their release more than a year ago.

The Interior Ministry has announced plans to huild several new prisons because of overcrowding. Recent reports also said that authorities are moving inmates among prisons to prevent them from building extremist. units within penitentiaries.



U.S.-EGYPT SUMMIT: U.S. President Bill Clinton (right) meets with Egyptian President Mr. Mubarak discuss Hosni Mobarak in the Oval Office at the White process (AFP photo)

House Monday (see page 10). Mr. Clinton and Mr. Muharak discussed the Middle East peace

### peace to determine what is

Israel Radio.

happening," Mr. Rabin told

He said the attack under-

scored the urgency to press on with the negotiations on im-plementing Palestinian auton-

omy in the: Gaza Strip and the

West Bank town of Jericho.

The talks resume Tuesday in

the Egyptian Red Sea resort of

The release was agreed on

during the talks last week. It

was a first issue for the Palesti-

mians to show that the peace

process is hringing tangihle re-sults, and that they could be

non-partisan in seeking the re-

lease of opponents from

creating a dividing line be-tween those working with

Israel and those fighting it.

Among a public that has not

entirely accepted the auton-

omy plan, the imprisonment of

men like Sheikh Ahmad Yas-

sin, the elderly spiritual leader

of Hamas, remains a symbol of

for Rabin to start dividing the

Palestinians according to their

political affiliation," said Saeh

Erekat, a prominent Palesti-

The West Bank went on

strike to press demands for

releasing all prisocers Moo-

"It is totally unacceptable

fighting Israel.

nian negotiator.

The PLO wants to avoid

Hamas and other groups.

TEL AVIV (AP) — Israel cut followers of the Islamic militant group Hamas from the list of hundreds of prisoners to be released Monday after the group claimed responsibility for killing two Israeli soldiers.

The most wanted Hamas activist taunted the Israelis and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) by appearing on a Gaza street to shoot off his gun and proclaim that the

attacks will continue. The military announced that 700 prisoners hope to be re-leased starting Monday afternoon. That was down from the 760 elderly, sick, female and teenage prisoners who had been on the list before the shooting death of the two men in the occupied Gaza Strip on

Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin said the prisoners belonging to the Islamie Resistance Movement (Hamas) would remain in jail for the foreseeable future.

Mr. Rabin attempted to calm public anger over the slayings through a series of interviews stressing the difference between Palestinians actively participating in the peace process and those hoping to sink it.

"It's a difficult reality, but we have to deal with it in order not to allow the extremists... trying to kill Israelis and the

PFLP and

**DFLP** urge

end to clashes

DAMASCUS (R) - Two

Palestinian groups Monday

called for an end to clashes

between rival factions who

support and oppose the Israel-Palestine

Liberation Organisation

(PLO) peace agreement in the

A joint statement issued by

the Popular Front for the Li-

beration of Palestine (PFLP)

and the Damascus-based wing

of the Democratic Front for

the Liberation of Palestine

(DFLP) called for a quick end

to the fighting.

Members of PLO Chairman

Yasser Arafat's Fatch Hawks

settlers," the statement said.

"We should not give those

who are aiming at diverting the

national struggle a chance to

do what they want," it added.

of a wide national, democratie

and Islamic front under which

all those who are keen to drive

out the Israeli occupation are grouped," it said.

"We call for the formation

Israeli-occupied Gaza Strip.

### day, but the Gaza Strip re-**Hecklers shout down Rabin**

Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin Sunday and created such a melee with supporters that he was forced to curtail a downtown speech endorsing Teddy Kollek's reelection as mayor of

Jerusalem After 200 opponents of the Israeli-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) autonomy accord started jeering "traitor" at Mr. Rabin, border police and body guards formed a protective circle around both men.

Another 200 overzealous supporters pushed back arouod them shouting: "Rahin, the nation is with YOU.'

on Saturday shot and wounded The Nov. 2 mayoral election a PFLP supporter in the Rafah refugee camp.
"We call upon all ground for a four-year term is viewed as especially critical this year leaderships in the Strip to deal because the issue of who conwith all problems with a sense of responsibility and to work to trols Jerusalem is expected to come up in negotiations with the Palestinians on the final promote Palestinian unity and to direct all efforts against the status of the occupied territor-Israeli occupation forces and ies within five years.

Mr. Kollek, 83, has been dropping in the polls to Likud challenger Ehud Oimert, 48. who has successfully made age

Although both sides reject dividing Jerusalem or compromising on keeping it Israel's "capital," Mr. Rabin's Labour government fears a Likud win could make implementing the still under negotiation, hut Israel is reluctant to release the 500 to 600 responsible for killing or wounding its citizens. One of the most wanted

Israel says it holds 9,500

prisoners on various charges related to fighting Israel's

occupation, although some estimates range above 12,000.

Palestinian negotiators at

Taba said they would all be

freed according to a timetable

activists from Hamas appeared in public in the Gaza Strip Suoday night to claim the attack in which they stole an Israeli car, donned Jewish skullcaps and then shot pointhlank two Israeli reservists they picked up hitchhiking.

Imad Akel, a 23-year-old resident of the Jabaliya refugee camp who is believed to be the brains behind their Izzeddin Al Qassam Brigades, shot several times in the air in front of the bouse of Assad Saftawi, the 58-year-old leader of PLO leader Yasser Arafat's Fatch movement was assassinated through Fateh infighting last week.

"The bullets of Izzeddin will not be shot at our Palestinian hrothers but instead will be shot at the enemy," said Mr. Akel, who the Israeli security forces have had oo the top of their wanted list for three

# in mayor campaign swing

TEL AVIV (AP) — Opponents of the peace plan heckled peace plan more difficult if it causes up upheavals in Jerusalem. Mr. Rabin and Mr. Kollek spent the afternoon stumping together in a Jewish neighbourhood near the eastern

> neighbourhood. "Not since Herod has there been a glorious huilder of Jerusalem like Teddy Kollek," Mr. Rabin said, referring to the Roman emporer. "If you want to maintain the continued development of Jerusalem ... you need to let Teddy fulfill a

Arab quarters of the city, and

later pumped flesh in a poor

lifetime endeavour.' Mr. Kollek, mayor since 1965, needs as much support as he can get. Recent polls have indicate be is just two percentage points ahead of Mr. Olmert, a former minister of bealth and Arab affairs advisor to the prime minister.

Mr. Olmert has successfully critised Mr. Kollek for the poor state of the cities basic services like roads and schools, which have not kept pace with development.

Jerusalem leans to the political right in elections and Mr. Olmert is also playing off jit-ters felt by many Israelis about losing parts of the city to the Arabs under the autonomy plan with the PLO.

### **NEWS IN BRIEF**

### Sudan faction pulls out of talks with Carter

ATLANTA (R) --- Former President Jimmy Carter said Sunday that one of two warring Sudanese factions scheduled to hold peace talks here had withdrawn and would not meet with him as previously announced. In a statement released from the Carter presidential centre here, Mr. Carter said he would meet with Riek Machar, chairman of the Sudanese People's Liberation Army-United (SPLA). But the head of a rival faction operating in southern Sudan, John Garang, said his Sudanese People's Liberation Army would not meet with Carter. The two groups met last week in Washington without Mr. Carter present and sources close to the oegotiations said they had agreed to a ceasefire, but it was unclear whether both had signed the agreement. The Carter Centre said they could provide no details on the negotiations in Washington thus far. In Sunday's statement, Mr. Carter said: "After a lengthy phone conversation with Dr. John Garang, chairman of the SPLA, on Friday, he felt that the conditions were not favourable for his participation in further talks at this time, and elected to return to Sudan with his delegation." In his earlier statement announce ing the talks between the two SPLA factions, Mr. Carter had said he hoped to reconcile the two groups and then to include the Sudanese government in Khartoum in broader talks to end the war which has claimed more than a million lives, most of

### Ciller reshuffles cabinet over criticism

ANKARA (AP) — Turkey's interior minister was removed from his post Sunday after criticism he has been incompetent in leading the government's war against Kurdish guerrillas. As part of a cabinet shuffle by Prime Minister Tansu Ciller, the Interior Ministry post went to Nahit Mentese, who had been serving as education minister in her four-month-old centre-right coalition. The interior minister. Mehmet Gazioglu, was appointed state minister. Mr. Gazioglu's removal appeared to signal the start of a more decisive fight by the state against the Kurdish insurgency in the southeast, where the outlawed Kurdish Labour Party has been fighting for self-rule since 1984. The fighting has claimed 8,000 lives. Two other ministers from Ms. Ciller's True Path Party were involved in the shuffle. Defence Minister Nevzat Ayaz was appointed the new education minister and his post was given to State Minister Mehmet Golhan.

### Kurdish rebels repeal foreign press ban

PARIS (R) — A Paris group closely linked to anti-Turkish Kurd gnerrillas said on Sunday the rebel Kurdish Labour Party (PKK) had revoked a ban prohibiting foreign reporters from areas of southern Turkey where it operated. "The (Paris-based) Kurdistan committee invites all the journalists of the European press to go to the area to verify the seriousness of the situation," said a committee spokesman, making clear be had PKK clearance for the announcement. "We are ready to help the journalists to ease. their work on the spot," said the spokesman whose office regularly informs the French press on Kurdish rebel activities. The Kurdish news agency Kurd-Ha quoted senior PKK commander Cemil Bayik on Oct. 18 as saying Turkish newspapers were prohibited from the area together with the foreign press. The offices of five big Turkish national dailies in the region were shut the next day when journalists heeded the rebel threat to stop reporting. The Paris spokesman told Reuters he especially hoped reporters would travel to the town of Lice. He said 380 Kurdish civilians had been killed there by Turkish troops since Friday. In Turkey, the Anatolian news agency said on Saturday that nine people — five PKK rebels, three children and a teacher — had been killed since Friday in Lice in clashes that erupted after PKK guerrillas shot a general. Turkish authorities clamped a curfew of Lice on Saturday after the killing a day earlier of Genarmerie Brigadier-General Bahtiyar Aydin.

### Majlis clamps down on bureaucratic misdeeds

TEHRAN (AFP) - The Iranian parliament voted overwhelmingly Sunday to bar government workers from a range of activities, including illicit contact with foreigners, Freemasonry and disrespect for Islamic principles. The ruling, the first of its kind since the 1979 Islamic revolution, was intended to clean up the atmosphere in government offices and lighten bureaucracy several parliamentarians said. The punishments are introduced for a long list of offences cited by the parliament. They range from warnings to withholding wages, demotions and sackings. The parliament banned government workers from establishing illicit contacts with foreigners, but not specify what forms of links were unacceptable. In an apparent reference to the Bahai faith, which has been declared illegal in Iran, the parliament also outlawed membership in religious cults and freemasoury groups. Freemasons and Bahais were highly active in Iran before the revolution, with the former operating from more than 100 centres nationwide. The offences cited by the parliament would be reviewed by a committee of denout Muslims and revolutionaries, to be set up in every government department. Punishments for such offences have so far been unclear and been imposed arbitrarily.

### Pik Botha to visit Tunisia — report

TUNIS (AFP) - South African Foreign Minister Pik Botha will visit Tunisia on a ground-breaking trip next month, according a report in the independent Le Temps newspaper here Sunday. The report, which was not confirmed by the government, said the two countries would also open interest offices in each others' capitals - usually a precursor to establishment of diplomatic relations. The newspaper said Mr. Botha, who is the world's longest-serving foreign minister, would arrive in Tunis on Nov. Tunisia, like all other Arah countries, boycotted South Africa during the apartheid years. Last week Tunisian banks received a memo from the central bank ordering them to take South Africa off their transactions hlacklist. South Africa is also taking part in a 32-country Arah African trade exhibition which has been taking place since Friday near the Tunisian capital. African National Congress President Nelson Mandela appealed on Sept. 24 for all remaining diplomatie and economic sanctions against South Africa to be lifted, ahead of multiracial elections planned for April.

### JORDAN TELEVISION Tcl: 773111-19 PROGRAMME TWO

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18:30	Beaumano
19:00	News in French
19:15	Varietie
19:30	News in Hebre
20-00	News in Arab
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27-00	News in English
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#### WEATHER Bulletin supplied by the Department of

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Mcteorology.
Moderate weather conditions will prevail with clouds appearing at diffe
rent altitudes. There will be a chance of thunderous showers in the eastern
parts of the Kingdom, and winds will be routheasterly light to moderate. In

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Jordan Valley	21/3
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# Aqaba, winds will be northerly model

#### **USEFUL TELEPHONE** NUMBERS NIGHT DUTY AMMAN:

Dr. Yousef Al Fagilt	756988
Dr. Yousef Al Faqih Dr. Fakhri Tayeh Dr. Abdel Wahab Awad	. 885880
Dr. Abriel Wabah Awari	846170
D. Rook Odden:	440677
Dr. Bassim Qaddumi	. 040033
Fires pharmacy	. 06 1912
Ferdows pharmacy	<i>T1</i> 8336
Al Asema pharmacy	637055
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IRBID: Dr. Mohammad Al Zu'bi Alquds pharmacy	( <del>_</del> )
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### EMERGENCIES

Civit Detence Department 001111
Civil Defence Immediate
Rescue
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Fire Brigade 891228
Blood Bank
Highway Police 843402
Traffic Police 896390
Public Security Department
Unit Complete 60000
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Overseas Calls 010230
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HOSPITALS

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623 01 one Repairs 661 01 ion	ZARQA: Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital (09)986732 Ibn Sina Hospital (09)986732 Al Hilkne Moders Hospital (09)99090 IKRD: Princess Basma Hospital (02)275555

**JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDER** 

### 636381 . (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER

### QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Oueen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, should always be vorified.

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

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HILIAZ RAILWAY TRAIN

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... 5:00 p.m. every Sanda

#### **NEWS IN BRIEF**

#### King receives cable from Qatar's Shelkh Mohammad

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Monday received a cable from Sheikh Mohammad Al Thani, brother of the emir of Qatar, expressing appreciation to the King for the hospitality accord him during his visit earlier this month to Jordan. In the cable, Sheikh Mohammad paid tribute to King Hussein's efforts to end inter-Arab differences and close Arab ranks. King Hussein also Monday sent a cable of good wishes to Austrian President Thomas Klestil on Austria's national day. The King wished the president continued health and bappiness and further progress for the Austrian people.

### Voter card distribution continues

AMMAN (Petra) — Zarqa Governor Misleb Tarawneh reported Monday that 41 per cent of the registered voters in the governorate claimed their voting cards. He also announced their voting cards. that special operations room bave been set up to deal with any problems related to voter card distribution. In North Shuneh, District Governor Saleb Obeidat said a total of 39,548 cards were distributed, while in Tafileh two thirds of the total of 27,085 voting cards were collected.

#### Minister urges cultivation of export vegetables

KARAK (Petra) — Minister of Agriculture Marwan Kamal Monday visited the south Jordan Valley region and urged local farmers to produce vegetables that bave a market abroad. The minister was accompanied by the director general of the Agricultural Marketing Organisation (AMO), Salem Lawzi who said that his department was striving to open markets abroad for Jordanian agricultural products.

#### Transport minister returns from talks in Vienna

AMMAN (Petra) — Transport Minister Salman Al Tarawneb Monday returned to Amman from Vienna where he took part io a meeting to discuss railway strategies in Jordan, Egypt, Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia, and Iran. The World Bank organised the meeting which listened to a Jordanian working paper on railway issues of the Arab region.

### Woman shooting suspect stopped at

AMMAN (Petra) - A 20-year-old woman, identified as S. H., was reported to have shot and seriously wounded her two brothers and tried to escape to Syria, according to a report in Al Ra'i Arabic daily. The report said that the woman, who is from Zarqa, took a car from Amman, but was stopped at the border post of Ramtha. It said the shooting followed a family

### **Environment symposium opens in**

TAFILEH (J.T.) — A two-day symposium eotitled "Dangers of Nuclear Energy and Radiation" opened in the southern town of Tafileh Monday, and according to the organisers, questions related to environment pollution in the southern regions of Jordan will be the focus of deliberations. Organised by the Jordanian Society for the Control of Environmental Pollution in cooperation with the Friedrich Naumann Foundation (FNF) of Germany, the meetings will review working papers which deal with the environmental dimension within the democratisation of Jordan, nuclear energy applications and alternatives, nuclear radiation-measurements in Tafileh, health risks and dangers of nuclear radiation and legal approaches to dealing with environmental issues on national, regional and international levels.

### Pharmaceutical union to meet

Saturday

CHESTS T

fral inte

AMMAN (Petra) — The General Assembly of the Arab Union of Pharmaceutical Manufacturing and Medical Appliances will conveoe in Amman Saturday. The union's general annual report and plans for next year will be reviewed at the meeting.

### Pop music festival at Culture Palace

AMMAN (J.T.) - The National Music Conservatory/Noor Al Hussein Foundation is organising a Pop Music Fetival to be held on Saturday, Oct. 30 at the Palace of Culture/Al Hussein Sports City. Five professional local groups will be participating in this festival which is the first of its kind in Jordan. By organising such an event, the conservatory seeks to address the interests of the young and to provide local talents with the opportunity to demonstrate their abilities to a wide audience that is highly appreciative of this kind of music. The programme of the festival will feature songs by Phil Collins, Pink Floyd, Dire Straits, U2 and many more. The conservatory has exerted every effort to ensure the success of this festival. Special attention has been given to providing an impressive lighting and sound system. Muhannad Al Jazireb and Rania Kassicieb from Radio Jordan will host the festival.

### WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

### **EXHIBITIONS**

Jerash gems by Paula Williams-Brown and portraits by Ahmad Ismail at the Gallery Hotel Jordan Inter-Continental (8:00 a.m. - 7 p.m. daily except Friday). \* Art exhibition by Iraqi artist Mnkhallad Al Mukhtar entitled "Colours on Black Paper" at La Cas Exhibition

\* Photo and painting exhibition on environment at the

University of Jordan Exhibition Hall.

\* Art exhibition by artist Sabah Hadidi at the Orfali Art Gallery (Tel. 826932).

\* Art exhibition entitled "The Spirit of the Youth" by artist Muhammad Al Lahham at the Baladna Art Gallery.

\* Art exhibition by artist Farouq Lambaz at the Alia Art

\* The Petra Exhibition — a presentation of the activities of Jordanian and international institutions involved in archaeological, ethnographic and environmental research in the Petra region at the Royal Cultural Centre.

Art exhibition by artists Mahmond Taha and Salman Abbasat Ab'and Art Gallery.

\* Exhibition of etchings by Mohammad Omar Khalil at Darat Al Fusum of the Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation in Jabal Luwelbdeh. Also showing the permanent exhibition. Tele-

phone 643251/2.

\* French film entitled "I am the Lord of the Palace" at Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation at 6:30 p.m.

### LECTURES & WORKSHOPS

Workshop on writing and tuning of children's songs at the Royal Cultural Centre at 5:00 p.m. - 8:00 p.m.

★ Lecture in Arabic entitled "Petroleum and Arab Future" by Dr. Ibrahim Badran at the Arab Thought Forum (in Shmeisani) at 7:00 p.m.

العالم أنجال فرشقين المرار والبيطيس وسنكوب

### Experts review progress in region's afforestation, food security projects

AMMAN (Petra) -- A workshop on protecting the environment and ensuring food security for the Arab World weot into its second day Monday, with the delegates reviewing seven working papers from the Arab World and Turkey.

Organised by the Ministry of Agriculture in cooperation with the U.N. Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) and the U.N. Development Programme (UNDP), the fourday workshop was designed to discuss progress in two near eastern projects related to environment protection and food security and financed by Japan and Italy.

According to the Arab coordinator for the project on protection the eovironment through forests, Soleiman Abbadi, four working papers from Jordan, Egypt and Algeria will be reviewed by the delegates who represent the countries where the Japanfinanced project is being implemented

These countries are Syria, Lebanon, Sudan, Egypt, Ye-men, Algeria, Tunisia, Moroc-

co and Jordan.
Mr. Abbadi said that there was urgent need for closer cooperation among the Arab countries in implementing the same projects and io benefiting from the U.N. agencies' exper-

tise in this regard.

The project, be added, is aimed at helping governments and national organisations conduct afforestation projects that protect the environment and pave the ground for increasing food production since trees help preserve water resources. and shrubs and pasture lands provide food for the animals.

The delegates, be ooted, will

in forest afforestation and the production of wood and other related topics.

Mr. Khalil Warikat the coor-

dinator for the environment and food security project, said the scheme is being implemented in Jordan, Turkey and Syria and financed by the Italian government.

This project, he said, aims to promote training of personnel to carry out afforestation and agricultural extension services. Mr. Warikat said the deleates will be taken Tuesday on a field trip to examine Jordan's

environmental experiments.

He said the tour will take the delegates to waste water treatment plants, several forest areas in Ajloun, a nursery near Deir Alla in the central Jordan Valley and Ma'een, South of Madaba.



Jabal Amman's busy Third Circle. The Traffic Department has introduced several new mea-

sures to help improve safety on the Kingdom's roads and highways (Staff photo by Ayusley Floyd)

### Traffic department to issue road trip permits to hired buses

By Rana Husseini Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The Public Security Department (PSD) adopted new measures to insure the safety of children and passengers during road trips made on bired buses.

Drivers of school and mini buses (service) in the Kingdom are required to bave their buses inspected at the traffic department each time they plan a road trip. If their buses are mechani-

cally safe and pass the traffic department's tests, the driver will be issued a permit for that particular trip.

Drivers of buses bound for Saudi Arabia for Omra (smaller pilgrimmage) are required to follow the same procedures, a police source

The PSD step follows a critical newspaper article in the leading Arabic daily Al Ra'i in which it was reported that a school bus carrying 45 Ibn Abbas School students, ages 13 to 16, caught fire

(Continued from page 1)

flags and a placard reading

But Israeb soldiers made the

In Ramallah on the West

Bank, families were waiting

since daybreak in front of the

military government offices.

but many were disappointed by

the trickle of releases. Only 13

"They're making fun of us.

They are playing with our emo-

tions. We thought we had

finished with the jails, but

they're just trying to deceive us

by calming us down," said

Nayef Horani, a mother of two

The army detained about 30

suspected Hamas supporters in

Gaza on Sunday oight and

Monday, Palestinians said. It

also detained Kamal Abu

Salah, 32, a part-time corres-

pondent for the Associated

In a leaflet Hamas called the

killing of the two soldiers a

"gift to the peace process,"

adding: "There is no peace

between us and the Israelis

Both Mr. Rabin and Palesti-

nians loyal to PLO Chairman

Yasser Arafat said the killings

would not derail peace talks which resume in Taba Tues-

except io the cemetery."

prisoners from Nablus.

prisoners got off the coach.

Palestiniaos and journalists

welcome home.

while returning from Ma'een spa a week ago.

According to the article, although the bus driver was issued a permit from the traffic department, he did not follow safety regulations.

The bus did not have a fire extinguisher or a first aid kit. Io addition, the driver was pulled over by traffic officials twice, and was fined once for a broken light. Studeots jomped from the

windows to escape the fire, but no one was seriously injured in the accident. Three students suffered smoke inbalation.

The bus, which was not iosured, was damaged beyond repair, according to the article.

The new inspection requirements aim to reduce the number of road accidents and insure safety of bus passengers during road trips.

'Our main concern is the safety of the bus passengers, especially youngsters," a PSD official told the Jordan Times. "We must make sure

Israel begins slow release of detainees

"The commitment that was

given will be fulfilled," Mr.

Rabin told a parliamentary

"Io the (Taba) talks it was

made clear to the other side

that prisoners with blood on

their bands will not be re-

leased, certainly not in the

near future," an official quoted

Mr. Rabin as telliog the fore-

ign affairs and defence com-

Angry Israeli hardlioers.

reacting to the killing of the

two soldiers, called on Mr.

Leading bawk Ariel Sharon

Palestinians io the West

Bank closed stores and

businesses in a strike to de-

mand the release of thousands

Ziad Abu Ziad, chief

Palestinian negotiator on pris-

oners at the Taba talks, de-

manded freedom for all prison-

ers no matter what their poli-

"Today's release brings a

mixed response. People are

bappy but generally they feel this is not enough," be told Reuters. "For us this is not a

bargaining issue. The prisoners

must be released as most were

imprisoned for political activ-

tical views or sentence.

more prisoners.

Rabio to cancel the release.

of the opposition Likud Party assailed PLO leaders for "nary.

a word of remorse or regret

about the soldiers' deaths.

committee on Monday.

ready for a road trip before issuing any driver a permit,"

The traffic department will check whether the bus brakes ing properly; whether the tyres are in good shape and the bus has a spare tyre and wbether the bus carries a first aid kit and a fire extinguisber.

The PSD official said that be requiring drivers to inspect their buses, the traffic department will be able to control the number of buses that go on road trips.

The traffic department urges all bus drivers to take the necessary steps to maintain their buses to meet department specifications before having their buses inspected to save the department time and effort.

The PSD official said that violators caught without a permit will be subject to legal prosecution, adding that traffic officials will maintain strict measures when inspecting road trip buses.

Among the mixed responses

was disappointment. Hussein

Isa Al Keefy waited in vain io

Nablus for bis 70-year-old

"What kind of peace are they talking about? My father

was arrested in 1968 when I

was 10 years old," be told

Reuters. "I hope they will re-

lease him next time but I don't

think they are serious wben

bey talk about releasing pris-

publicity of the releases -

those to be let go in Gaza were

not due until well after dark -

appeared aimed at not offend-

ing Israeli public opinion

angered by the death of the

Mr. Rabin said extremists

were trying to damage the

peace process through vio-

lence, and changing the timet-

able would encourage the re-

"If we would react this way,

we would be handing the right

of veto on the peace negotia-

tions to the most extreme ele-

jectionists based in Syria.

two soldiers.

The slow pace and limited

# A produce market in Salt. Boosting food production is a major concern of agricultural and

### Workshop recommends inter-Arab exchange of irrigation equipment

AMMAN (Petra) - A Threeday workshop on the require-ments of modern irrigation in the Arab World Monday appealed to Arab governments to encourage in the Arab ex-changes of modern irrigation equipment.

The workshop, which ended Monday with a set of recom-meodatioos, also appealed to Arab governments to facilitate credit to farmers so that they can acqoire and ose spcb equipment on a larger scale and boost food production.

The workshop, which was attended by 24 delegates and agricultural experts represent-iog 14 Arab countries, called on the Arab Organisation for Agricultural Development (AOAD), the meeting organis-er, to take the lead in providing Arab countries with knowhow to manufacture irrigation equipment and conduct a general survey in the Arab World to determine its requirements of such equipment.

A statement issued at the end of the meetiogs also urged the AOAD to belp transfer modern technology on manufacturiog irrigation equipment and promote the work of national agricultural extension services which are related to

water supply and irrigation. The statement called on the AOAD to set up a pan-Arab information network that would coordinate the work of research centres and universities, and on Arab countries to step up their cooperation with the AOAD to enable it to carry out its activities.

At the opening session, Saturday, the delegates listened to an outline of Jordanian experiments in drip irrigatioo systems, which are widely used in the Kingdom. Other experiments reviewed at the meeting were those of Syria, Egypt, Algeria, Sudan, Libya the United Arab Emirates (UAE), Tunisia, Yemen and

### Three new ambassadors take oath of office

AMMAN (Petra) -Three newly-appointed Jordanian ambassadors were sworn-in before His Majesty King Hussein at the Royal Court Monday.

They were Husam Abu Ghazaleh, ambassador to Austria, Dr. Fayez Al Rabie, ambassador to Yemen, and Samir Naouri, ambassador to China.

Present at the swearing-in ceremony were Chief of the Royal Court Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, King Hussein's advisor Yanal Hikmat and Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Talal Al Hassan.





### King meets U.S. Jewish delegation

(Continued from page 1)

could be tackled once such a framework is worked out, the source said.

The team's meeting with the King was attended by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, Royal Court Chief Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, the King's adviser Yanal Hikmat. Minister of State for Prime Ministry Affairs Jawad Al Anani and Jordan's Ambassador to the U.S. Fayez Taraw-

Even before the delegation arrived officials and analysts said it was unlikely that the team would score any success in convincing Jordan to ease the application of the boycott of Israel.

Clinton administration officials have said that Washiogton was pushing the idea of a gradoal lifting of the Arab embargo oo Israel through eliminating the secondary boycott under which Arab countries refuse to deal with companies doing business with the Jewish

Prince Hassan, in an Oct. 1 press conference in Washington, said it would be "economic suicide" for the Arabs to lift the embargo without gaining anything substantial for the Arab World.

ments," he told a group of "There is no shift in the American Jewish fundraisers. Jordanian position," a senior official said last week. "The Mr. Rabin said Sunday's boycott of Israel is not a Jordadeaths underscored the urgennian issue alone. It is a pancy to press on with the negotia-Arab decision related to pantions on implementing Palestinian autonomy in the Gaza Arab interests and Jordan would not take any step with-Strip and the West Bank town out pan-Arab consensus on the

move." Prince Hassan, addressing a conference in Amman Monday, reiterated that the boycott was closely linked to the Middle East conflict and the embargo could be dealt with only within an "integrated framework of security and cooperation involving all par-

The American delegation is scheduled to bold talks with Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Talal Al Hassan today. The team will also meet with Jordanian businessmen.

ties and peoples." (see separate

The U.S. delegation flew to Jordan with only strong Saudi backing for the Middle East

peace process. The Saudis were "very desirous of peace and wanted it to succeed," Robert Lifton, president of the American Jewisb Congress, told the Associated Press in a telephone interview at the end of-

the four-day visit to Saudi Ara-

The group of 10 Jewish leaders representing a cross section of the business and legal fields met with a number of senior Saudi officials, including Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal, intelligence chief Prince Turki Al Faisal, Commerce Minister Suleiman Al Solaim, and Minister of Islamic Affairs

Abdul Aziz Al Turki. The delegation included one woman, former attorney general designate Zoe Baird. The Jewish group was bosted by the Saudi Chamber

of Commerce for dinner one evening and visited a number of Saudi businessmen.

Mr. Lifton said the Arab boycott was discussed "within the context of it impediog American joint ventures with Arab firms" in the West Bank and Gaza Strip as they gain autonomy from Israel under the Sept. 13 agreement be-tweeo the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and the Jewisb state.

He said a strong case was made against the boycott in the territories. The group pointed out that American companies were wary of running afoul of U.S. anti-boycott legislation in teaming up with Arab firms to invest in the area, he said.

Also, said Mr. Lifton, "we made the point that steps should be taken, signals given, that would encourage the Israelis." But, he added, they heard "no affirmation of what the Saudis would do.

Mr. Lifton noted that Jewish group had noticed a definite 'Change in attitude" towards the peace process since their first visit to the kingdom over a year and half ago.

He said they had detected an "underlying optimism" oo the part of the Saudis. "They think the breakthrough was really a breakthrough.

The Saudis also gave the American group the opportunity to tour different regions in the country, including the mountainous Asir region in the southwest and the oilproducing Eastern Province.

### **Jordan Times**

مردن للبرارسة مربة سيلسة سنتك لمسر بالاسليبة عن المرسسة العمطية الأراهية

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### Ministers on the house

WHILE THE election campaign has thus far failed to produce the expected thorough debate on the major issues facing the country, it did tackle one controversial matter that might be addressed in the first days of the coming Parliament.

Should deputies hold cabinet positions or not? The issue was consistently raised during the 11th Parliament's term when so many members of Parliament became ministers in the first three governments that assumed office during its term. The reaction, however, was mixed and no final

answer was reached.

It may be easy to dispense with the experiences and traditions of other government systems in the world, specially those that have developed deeper roots in parliamentary democracies, on the premise that Jordan has unique circumstances which warrant a different treatment of the same issue. This is a faulty argument, however, because the country should learn from the experiences of others, even though it need not copy any given system in its entirety. Adjustments to suit the domestic political environment are in fact a must. There is a hig problem with implementing a system of parliamentary democracy under which the party with the majority in the chamber of deputies would form the government. It is that no political party in the country is large enough to control a majority and win a vote of confidence relying solely on its own members or allies.

A government therefore will have to be formed from independent legislators, parliamentarians who belong to different political groups and other ministers chosen by the prime minister-designate. The problems that such a system poses when the cabinet is presented for a vote of confidence were clearly demonstrated during the term of the pre-

vious parliament.

The most difficult complications of such a system is that the prime minister will have to deal with a wide spectrum of political orientations and demands from deputies who are not bound by a political platform of say one, two or three parties to which they belong. The prime minister would at no point be certain that he could continue to have the vote of confidence as long as he followed the agreement and policies of his party or those in which be would have gone into coalition as the case would be in systems where one party controls a majority in the House. This is a problem with which Jordan would have to live until the political environment changes to one in which parties have parliamentary majority.

The Constitution does not oblige the King to restrict his choice of a premier to members of the House or requires the prime minister-designate to choose members of his cabinet from among deputies. For practical considerations, like the need for a vote of confidence, however, this might become the norm in the future when the political life in the Kingdom fully matures and limited parties win the support of the majority of the people.

Until then, the dehate on whether deputies should or should not be ministers will not he resolved. Arguments that they should practically litter the political scene, but so do those which say that they should not.

### ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

A COLUMNIST in Al Ra'i daily Monday demanded that the Ministry of Supply interfere and put an end to price manipulation and control the quality of food presented by restaurants. Recently, the ministry has been receiving a flood of complaints from the public about these matters and has called for a meeting chaired by the minister himself to discuss the situation, hut nothing is known yet about the resutls, said Nazih. The meeting two weeks ago was called to fix the prices of drinks and food offered to customers in restaurants with a view to helping these restaurants to make reasonable profit and protecting the public interest at the same time, said the writer. The prices of food and drinks have been unacceptably high and the quality is not up to the required standard, mainly due to the absence of control over these restaurants and their services by the Ministry of Supply and the Ministry of Health. charged the writer. He said the restaurants are hacked in their position by a court decision that says the Ministry of supply has no jurisdiction over the restaurants' work if these restaurants are affiliated to classified hotels. There is need for the Ministry of Supply to interfere through proper legislation in order to control the quality of services and the rates of these restaurants, demanded the writer. We hope, said the writer, to hear from the ministry the outcome of the meeting which was attended by concerned parties to discuss solutions and to see drastic steps taken to stop manipulations and profiteering.

PARLIAMENTARY ELECTIONS are two weeks away from now, but lack of enthusiasm about voting is manifest on the part of the majority of people, especially inhabitants of the rural regions and villages, said a columnist in Al Dustour. Perhaps many people believe that as the elections are of interest to the candidates, they themselves should undertake the task of collecting the voting cards and deliver them to their owners, said Saleh Al Qallah. In rural regions and in poor districts of main cities candidates are shouldering the task of obtaining the voting cards from distribution centres and deli--ring them to the voters and also pledging to transport by car. hus the voters to the voting centres on election day, said

The View from Fourth Circle

# Political Tarzans, elections and an Arab epic

Halfway through the parliamentary election campaign, we seem to have a mixed picture of our political culture; the dominant reality is that traditional social and cultural factors remain far stronger determinants of our national character than ideological sentiments or modern political and institutional structures. I would list the following as the most

noteworthy trends to date in the election campaign:

1) The triumph of tribalism as the most powerful force in the land. The decision to hold the elections on the hasis of the one-person one-vote system immediately peeled away the novel veneer of political modernism and ideological pluralism that had started to accumulate on the Jordanian body politic; we saw that the vast majority of voters were moved more by blood ties than by political promises. Having only one vote to cast, voters were forced to reveal their true allegiances and sentiments and seem to have chosen tribalism as the source of their identity and their security.

This is a clear indication that the structures of organised polifical pluralism remain very thin in our society. Most people who need assistance comfort, protection or support do not look to the state to provide these vital needs, but rather to their family, cousins, friends and colleagues. Yet, tribalism is not necessarily a bad thing, as most western observers seem to deem it. Rather, tribalism may be the vehicle hy which traditional societies such as ours are able to make the transition to modernity in a relatively orderly, if slow, manner.

2) The supremacy of patriarchy. The strength of tribalism is closely linked to the dominance of patriarchy as the defining attribute of our social and political structures. Patriarchy remains strong and comfortable to most people because for about the last five thousands years of human civilisation in this region it has always been the ultimate source of people's

survival, security and hope for future progress.

It is not only culturally authentic and indigenous, but it is also intellectually and physically much less demanding than the rigours of ideological pluralism, democratic accountability. public power-sharing and checks and balances — therefore, it is chronically attractive to traditional folks like ourselves whose physical environments are characterised by resource fragility and whose national configurations are characterised by institutional and structural fragility. It is no surprise that we should embrace patriarchy as our defining political characteristic, given the fact that we have been historically huffeted hy confusingly alternating conditions of empire, calipbate, republic, provincial autonomy, fiefdom, independent statehood, foreign occupation, imperial tutelage, indigenous monarchy, pan-Arah nationalism, socialism, army rule, rampant oilfuelled commercialism, trans-national Islamic identity and

sub-regional groupings,
It is most telling that the leader of the Islamic Action Front. Dr. Ishaq Farhan, should have said the other day that if the government does not adequately respond to his party's complaints about alleged government interference in the election campaign, he would seek an audience with King Hussein. He does not mention going to the courts, organising a mass political campaign, forming coalitions with other disenchanted political groupings from the left and centre or exploring other appropriate responses that are now available in a democratising political system; rather, he wants to see the King. We are fortunate to have an enlightened Monarch who is seen as the accessible, ultimate arbitor of disputes; but we should also recognise what this says about the underlying

Patriarchy — like tribalism, religion, ethnicity, the weather, the environmental base and other cultural building blocs - is a force that should not necessarily be viewed in judgmental terms. One could argue for and against patriarchy as the most appropriate system of social organisation, but this would be a fruitless debate because patriarchy is already such a powerful element in our lives and cannot be quickly changed. Rather, the real and largely neglected challenge is to assess how we can synthesise the positive aspects of patriarchy with our apparent desire to move forward towards more modern forms of

"The Jordanian experience during this election campaign will not answer questions, but it will define the questions more clearly; and that, one suspects, is an achievement for which Jordan can take credit in this historical Arab epic of individuals, families, clans, tribes, religions, ethnic groups and larger national communities seeking relationships and formal structures that endure because they make sense to their own people."

3) The failure of political parties to take off. The 20 odd parties that have been licensed have had little impact on society and appear to be almost non-existent in the electoral campaign, except for the Islamic Action Front. This is a direct consequence of the strength of tribalism and patriarchy. Like most of the structures of statehood, political parties are not yet viewed as a source of sustenance, security or identity. Forced to choose between their tribal/ethnic/cultic links and the promises of political parties, most people have turned to their

Interestingly enough, most political parties have themselves succumbed to the irresistible force of tribalism, in that most parties are top-heavy, tribal-based mini-patriarchies headed by one or more leading personalities, with little grassroots following. This, also, is not necessarily a had thing; it may be that the synthesis of tribalism and our fragile, thin political parties will provide the mechanism by which we make the slow transition from traditionalism to modernism. It is probably inevitable that our parties will be dominated by tribal heavies for a few years, until the parties take root and start to offer the people compelling reasons to take them seriously - such as responding to people's real practical needs, providing credible political accountability, blocking abuse of power and autocracy or simply responding to people's nationalistic emotional

needs. This will happen in time, but not this year.

4) The fears of the Islamists. I sense that the Islamists, as represented mainly by the Islamic Action Front, are con-cerned about their ability to win as big this year as they did in 1989. Most objective factors point to the fact that the Islamists peaked about three years ago and now have to work harder to

retain their followers. Their objections to the government's alleged interference in the electoral campaign are not very convincing. The Islamists' threat to boycott the election is a sign of worry and perhaps even some panic. It will also not

The election process, like the overall democratisation in Jordan, is certainly an imperfect beast. Our democratic tendency is serious, important and genuine, but it is also very thin, flawed and conditional. Nevertheless, it is an accurate reflection of our identity and culture and it is up to us to make it stronger and more responsive. The Islamists and others are correct to object to the government's ban on public rallies; the ban is like holding a football match and telling the spectators they cannot cheer. The ban reflects a combination of autocracy, immaturity and insecurity that we should have shed a long time ago, but the fact is we have not yet shed them. It is also the government's right to make such decisions and the people's right to challenge them, according to the rules of the

For the Islamists to threaten to boycott the elections however, is a sign of even greater immaturity that will burt the Islamists in the long run. Those who boycott legitimate national polls — like the Lebanese rightists, Cambodia's Khmer Rouge and others in recent history — will be forgotten by the majority that wishes to play by the rules, regardless of the flaws in the rules. Islamists who boycott the elections will find themselves sidelined and largely ignored, as happened to Hamas when it tried to take an extreme stand on the 400 Palestinians who were deported to south Lebanon last year.

5) The collapse of female politics. The very low number of women candidates (only three) is also a consequence of the triumph of tribalism and patriarchy. The three women are more mtelligent, more rational and probably more qualified than most of the men who are running; but, unfortunately, that is besides the point, because this election is not an exercise in quality control — it is an affirmation of tribal identity and communal self-assertion by our men desperately seeking a combination of power, recognition and security that our culture has always provided them through the mechanisms of political and social manhood, i.e., patriarchy, tribalism and antocracy. One-person one-vote has dealt a severe but temporary blow to the prospects of women in public life — which is a great shame, because our men have made a terrible mess of public policy-making in the last, oh, four or five centuries, and they could surely use the help of our women in

All these factors suggest that our society and political cultures are sending mixed signals to the chronicle of history. Are we advancing or retreating? Are we more or less secure because of our passionate embrace of patriarchal tribalism? Will the next five thousand years be better or worse than the

last five thousand years of village and urban civilisation?

The Jordanian experience during this election campaign will not answer these questions, but it will define the questions more clearly; and that, one suspects, is an achievement for which Jordan can take credit in this historical Arab epic of individuals, families, clans, tribes, religions, ethnic groups and larger national communities seeking relationships and formal structures that endure because they make sense to their own people:

RAMI G. KHOURI © 1993

### Getting away with murder — the lives behind the lies

The following is a report issued by London-based Amnesty International (AI):

Political killings and "disappearances" worldwide now pose the greatest threat to human rights in the 1990s — and the international community is failing to stop them, Amnesty International said on Oct. 20 as it launched a major campaign to end the bloodshed and terror.

"Hopes that buman rights would be respected in the much-heralded new world order' have been shot down,' said the organisation. "Instead, old regimes, newlyformed governments and armed opposition groups are turning their streets into killing grounds or causing their opponents to vanish without trace.

While military dictatorships and authoritarian regimes were once the main culprits, increasingly governments supposedly committed to human rights are gunning down or abducting their opponents as part of deliberate policies of

"The power of the state is cold-blooded murder, its officials trained in the skills of the assassin and the kidnapper," said Amnesty International. These acts — sometimes secret, hut often hrazen killings and kidnappings with no pretence at legality — fly in the face of international standards and are outlawed even in war. And the 1990s have seen horrific levels of this killing and cruelty in countries struggling to achieve political reform, such as South Africa or Camhodia, in ethnic or utionalist conflicts such as in former

facing massive unrest such as Somalia and Zaire. But there can be change international pressure led to the release of over 300 "disappeared" people in Morocco in 1991 after up to 18 years, for

Yugoslavia and in countries

example, although many peo-ple remain unaccounted for in that country.

Yet too often the international community turns a blind eye to these violations governments guilty of mass killings and "disappearances" are repeatedly supported or shielded from criticism by powerful allies more interested in protecting strategic or economic interests than buman in the 1980s, for example

the governments of France and the United States, among others, armed, trained and fi nanced the Chadian security forces while those same forces systematically hutchered thousands of defenceless civi-

Amnesty International's report "getting away with mur-der: political killings and 'dis-appearances' in the 1990s" says that people from all walks of life and all regions of the world including young children

and even babies - have been deliberately targeted for "dis-appearance" or death by governments and armed opposition groups.

Governments such as those of Iraq and Myanmar make no attempt to hide their brutality. Others, for example India or Turkey, pay lip-service to hu-man rights on the one hand hut kill on the other, relying on cover-ups or blatant lies, or as in Colombia and the Philippines - covert operations involving "death squads" or

armed paramilitary groups. From Peru and Togo to Sri Lanka and Tadjikistan, governments allow security forces to violate human rights with impunity.

Armed political groups such as the Communist Party of Peru (Shining Path), the Kurdish Workers' Party in Turkey and the Sudan People's Liberation Army have committed gross atrocities and claimed thousands of lives. In India,

ing of initial judgments about

John Collins, a long-time in-telligence analyst, said this is in part because of Gen. Aideed's

skillful handling of the media, what Mr. Collins calls a "CNN

strategy" that has come out

well ahead of competing U.S.-U.N. attempt to infinence

tees safe access to contested

sections of Mogadishu where

'news hawks' see and hear

what he wants them to," said

Mr. Collins, who has prepared

an options paper for the Con-

gressional Research Service.

viewing Gen. Aideed's re-

spectable public career as

Somali's amhassador to India

in the 1980s, his role as general

manager of the National Phar-

maceutical Industry and as an

adviser to Somali dictator Siad

Barre, his opposition lead-

ership of the United Somali

Congress and a book be wrote

that was published earlier this

vear in India.

U.S. officials are now re-

"He (Aideed) alone guaran-

Gen. Aideed.

hundreds have been the vic-U.N.'s human rights programtims of such killings. me and for the establishment And rising armed opposition of an impartial, independent international court. in countries such as Egypt and

Amnesty International is Algeria has in turn coincided ings by government forces.
"Bringing an end to political to implement its 14-point programmes for preventing appearances" and political killkillings and 'disappearances' demands concerted and effec-The world must wake up to tive international action, but the member governments of the United Nations remain the continuing mass slaughsaid the organisation.

painfully inconsistent and "Unless both individual govsclective in their response to buman rights crises," said ernments and the international community take action soon to end political killings and 'dis-appearances', the rising tide of Amnesty International. The organisation is stepping up its call on the U.N. to carnage could overwhelm the appoint a High Commissioner institutions set up to protect for Human Rights with the international human rights afauthority to take urgent action, ter the horrors of World War for increased resources to the

### **LETTERS**

### Vacant position

To the Editor:

In his column "Norman, Oliver, Michael, Ella and 200 million dancing Americans" (Jordan Times, Oct. 19, 1993), Rami Khouri states, among others, that the central defining attribute of American culture is "individualistic consumer-

Societies such as the United States represent a model of economic efficiency and productivity, (nurtured by a tolerant. democratic environment) responsive to consumer sovereignty, that enormous economic power exercised by the preferences of consumers in a free market economy. The result is increased competition which leads to research and new technology, resulting in ever better products, processes and services and a higher standard of living for the society. Quite simply pot, it is a system that works, for most of its citizens, most of the time.

I suggest that if there is one central, defining attribute of American culture, it is quite possibly their time-honoured tradition of embracing the work ethic, the belief that productive physical or mental labour is a prime virtue. To portray Americans as little more than culturally bankrupt and rabid consumers is a gross inaccuracy that reveals the writer's distorted perceptions of a highly complex, culturally diverse and humane society. The writer would do well to refrain from claiming the cultural moral high ground. That position is

His Majesty King Hussein has repeatedly called on journalists in Jordan to adopt a high standard of professionalism. Fundamental prerequisites for professional journalism are accurate information about a subject and the intent to convey that information to the reading public. Without these essential components the integrity of the media is compromised.

> Cheryl Sukhtian, P.O. Box 69. Amman, 11591.

The Jordan Times welcomes letters and contributions from its readers on any subject they wish to tackle. Letters intended for publication, however, should contain the writer's full name and preferably address as well. Names can be withheld only upon request and under special circumstances. Letters are subject to editing. The newspaper is not responsible for the return of unused manuscripts.

### Aideed — from sinner to saviour in Washington

By Robert Kearns Reuter

WASHINGTON - Somali warlord Mohammad Farah Aideed, elusive target of a U.N. manhunt, has been transformed from murderous thug to potential nation-builder in the eyes of official Washington.

Strikingly different profiles - one old, one new - making the rounds of the Clinton administration and Congress portray Gen. Aideed as a cunning tyrant guilty of genocide and as a skilled diplomat and powerful political force whose support may be indispensable to restoring stability to his chaotic nation.

Take your pick.
A Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) report prepared in June and July depicted the Somali clan leader as a ruthless adventurer willing to tear down Somalia to gain power over rivals.

"Although he did not singlehandedly produce Somalia's civil war and famine, he bears a heavier burden of responsibility for exacerbating... an atmosphere of criminal violence and disregard for human life that is the direct cause of the widespread suffering still prevalent," said the CIA re-

port, a copy of which was ohtained by Reuters.
Titled "Somalia: General

Aideed's ambition and ruthlessness," it said Gen. Aideed was personally responsible for the deaths of rival clan leaders and innocent civilians in the turmoil in Mogadishu. It described him as "self-serving and ruthless.

The barsh report added: 'Under Aideed's occupation (of farming areas), widespread hunger quickly escalated to devastating famine."

Intelligence sources said that this villainous picture belped decide U.S. policymakers to go after Gen. Aideed. President Clinton dispatched hundreds of elite army rangers as a commando force to hunt Gen. Aideed down on behalf of the United Nations, which holds him accountable for the deaths of 24 Pakistani peacekeeping troops ambushed by his henchmen.

In the CIA's judgment, only Gen. Aideed's removal from his lair in Mogadishu would allow some sort of political reconciliation to begin to repair the damage done Somalia.

But only three months after the CIA assessment and the proclamation of a U.N. bounty on his head, the get-Aideed policy has been abandoned in

outcry over the heavy toll the pursuit has been costing U.S. troops in Somalia. The rangers have been ordered out, the Aideed manhunt called off and a March 31 deadline set for the withdrawal of all hnt a small contingent of U.S. advisers. The White House has begun

the aftermath of a U.S. public

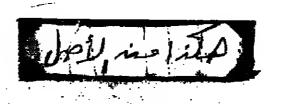
the task of getting the public accustomed to thinking of Gen. Aideed not as an outlaw but as a man with whom peacemakers must do business. "He is a clan leader with a

substantial constituency in Somalia, and bow he interacts as the Somalis work out their future is something for the Africans to work out themselves," White House Spokeswoman Dee Dee Myers said last Tuesday.

Peter Tarnoff, undersecretary of state for political affairs, offered much the same assessment to the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, adding: "The United States will not be party to attempts to apprehend either General Aideed or those responsible (for the Pakistani deaths) because we feel it's important to give political re-

conciliation a chance." Intelligence sources said this about-face in policy has led to what one called "a search for a silver lining" through a redraft-

The book, The Preferred Future Development In Soma-lia, casts for an end to corrup-tion in handling foreign aid, fair election laws, a multiparty system and a constitution that would establish a presidency and a national parliament.



### Snippets and tidbits from election 93

## Some do not wait to grow up to shape their future

The 1993 elections campaign, serious as it appears, is not devoid of a light — sometimes funny - side. There are tidbits about news, views and comments about the campaign that will appear (hopefully) every day in this comer until it is all over on Nov. 8. Humour is intended in the column. in no way libel.

DESPITE THE fact that Jordanians can only vote when they turn 19, the

new generation is not leaving decisions that affect their future to the whims of the "mature" among us. Jordanian children issued an appeal to candidates running for the Nov. 8 elections urging them to consider children's affairs in Jordan and address these issues seriously under the dome of Parliament. In fact, the children already noted that the candidates' slogans have so far failed to mention this large sector

of society. And if one thinks that the children do not know what they want, then listen to their demands: They called on the candidates to include human and childrens' rights in school and university curricula and urged the future Parliament to take into consideration the principles of the United Nations Convention on Childrens' Rights. These principles, the children say, should be reflected in the Jordanian laws and

regulations concerning children. And if the question is who are those forward-thinking children, we can tell you they are a group of youngsters who have affiliated to Amnesty International Children's Affairs Unit. And it is not a hoax, because the picture of a child reading a candidate's election campaign promises serves as evidence.

ONE OF the favourite candidates running for a seat in Maan Governorate had a letter of support that appeared as an advertisement in the local press. So far, this is common news.

The supporters pledged their confidence and loyalty, as well as their support for the nominee as a candidate of national unity, just as many others before them had done.

The new element is that the ad was signed by the sons of a Fuad Khalil Ismail Yassin, all 14 of them in fact. With families this big, who needs 'ribes? Especially that prohably, in keeping with tradition, Mr. Yassin did not mention his daughters.



Hammad Abu Jamous

IT COST candidate Hammad Abu Jamous, Amman's First District, a 12 centimetres by two columns advertisment in the local press to apologise to his visitors for not being able to receive them at his campaign headquarters because of his "extensive programme of visits and interviews with members of the one Jordanian family." He said that he would be pleased to meet them "every day at our campaign centre in Marka....", and urged his supporters to collect their voter cards, warning them that "he who doesn't vote for the candidate of his own choice, helps a candidate he does not like."

Pretty logical, no doubt. Perhaps he could have spared the expense.

ABDUL RAHMAN OATARNEH, a candidate for the Fourth District in Amman, who until a month ago worked for the Royal Scientific Society, declares that he is against 'surrender, normalisation with the Zionist entity, the establishment of corruption, forces of tyranny, programmes of starvation, the criminal siege of Iraq and injustice inflicted on south and east Amman."

Mr. Qatarneh, who is a member of the Society of Combatting Zionism and Racism, headed by former Deputy Laith Shbeilat claims that a leading semigovernment newspaper that carried his manifesto a number of times before, changed its mind on Sunday and dropped it for being "highly charged."

Of course no one can verify whether it was for political reasons or because of space considerations, and it is not our job to check.

NERMEEN MURAD

### Haiti's fragile democratic basis torn up since 1991

By David Beard The Associated Press

PORT-AU-PRINCE, Haiti ---Nearly every thread that could sustain a democracy has been cut in the two years since the military overthrew elected President Jean-Bertrand Aris-

The U.S.-led military buildup off Haiti's shores and the harsh enforcement of international sanctions may just force Mr. Aristide's return from exile, although probably not by the United Nations' Oct. 30

But establishing democracy is another matter, as is peace Since the September 1991 coup, the military bas broken up the neighbourhood organisations and peasant groups that formed the backbone of Mr. Aristide's overwhelming triumph. On his return, he'll

have to build a new base. Unions have died with the closure of most of Haiti's assembly plants. The network of Cathnlic churches has been stifled, with priests and parishioners alike viewed with suspicion.

Human rights groups have estimated that at least 1,500 people have been filled since the coup, and 300,000 people have gone into hiding. Thousands have fled the

"I don't dare go to pray for my country. If I dn, thugs will break up the mass and think I am praying for Aristide," said Agnes, a 28-year-old house-keeper. She only gave her first name for fear of retribution by army-backed toughs.

Political parties bave either been repressed or forced at gunpoint to go along with the military. They then try to jus-tify their actions, creating internal dissension.

Human rights organisations suffer the same spbt. The leader of one went into hiding after an assassination attempt Oct. 4 while a colleague became, briefly, the prime minister of a previous, military-backed government.

Most radio stations have stopped giving news, and relay stations broadcasting radio signals to the countryside bave been silenced.

Educatinn has been disrupted. Students have only had one uninterrupted school year since the fall of the Duvalier dictatorship in 1986. About twothirds of the nation cannot

Efforts to repair roads, com-munications links and the economy have been halted. Power is nften out for months at a time in the countryside.

A series of economic sanctions, imposed on Haiti to force the military to quit pow-er, have deepened the suffer-

Farming of such crops as mangoes and coffee has de-

Medical officials said 10,000 Haiians bave died since the nuster, many from severe malnutrition or preventable diseases. More than 850,000 of Haiti's 6.5 million people depend on their daily meals from international aid groups.

As the diplomatic endgame plays nut, the army's determination to stay bas hardened. The international community has responded with warships, hundreds of U.S. marines in training. exercises and an embargo that may shut down all commerce.

The stoppage of all gas deliveries from in-country stor-age depots is a dramatic reflec-tion of the rising stakes. The telephone company warned Saturday that the sudden fuel shortage may force it to shut down all long-distance phone service.

"As long as the thugs with the guns set the agenda, this country will never know peace. That's what this fight is all abont," U.S. embassy spokesman Stanley Schrager told reporters Saturday.

People who have been in

Haiti for years, and remember the Sunday promenades along streets now blocked by uncollected garbage, wonder what will be left when the fight is

"Every day you see this nation being ripped asunder. And I don't see anybody on the scene who can sew it back together," said Chris Conrad, who runs operations here for the American aid organisation

### Coalition files civil rights lawsuit against anti-defamation league and police

American-Arab-Anti-Discrimination Committee (ADC) President Albert Mokhiber issued a statement upon the filing of civil rights litigation against the Anti-Defamation League of the B'nai B'rith and California law enforcement officials. Other plaintiffs in the lawsuit include the National Association of Arab-Americans, Association of Arab-American University Graduates, Bay Area Anti-Apartheid Network, National Lawyers Guild, Coalition al Conference of Black Lawyers, Committee In Solidarity with the People of El Salvador, Global Exchange, International Jewisb Peace Union, American Indian Movement, and the Palestine Solidarity Committee. The individual plaintiffs include former U.S. Congressman Mer vyn Dymally, former Los Angeles City Councilman Robert Farrell, Dr. Gerald Horne, Professor of Black Studies at the University of California, Khader Musa Hamide and Michel Ibrahim Shehadeh, Palestinians facing deportation in Los Angeles, and Barbara T. Racy and Refaat Farid

peace in the Middle East. Following is the full text of the statement provided to the Jurdan Times by the ADC office in Amman:

Halabi, supporters of human rights for Palestinians and

Today, the American-Arab Anti-Discrimination Committee (ADC) joins cleven other civil rights and social justice organisations, and seven individuals in filing a civil rights and privacy rights lawsuit against the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith and law enforcement agencies in Cali-fornia. This is an unusual law-

### **Boycott** of Israel linked to conflict

truly national Palestinian economy which follows its nation-

Referring to Jordanian-Palestinian relations, the Crown Prince said that political differences in views between Jordan and the PLO over the past 20 years had had no negative impact on the economic relationship binding the West Bank, Jerusalem and the Gaza Strip with Jordan.

At the outset of the meeting, Dr. Saced Najjar, head of Al Nidaa Al Jadid society in Egypt, presented a working paper tackling the economics of peace. The paper put forth proposals about regional cooperation involving Israel and the Arab World.

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suit: an organisation that bas done important civil rights work is being charged with violating civil rights. Then channelled through a tax attorney in Los Angeles.

Arab-Americans were a major target of these activities. again, our action is precipi-tated by unusual events.

Like the rest of the civil wide spy operation directed, and financed by the ADL. Employing operatives with code names including "Flipper," "Hot Spurs" and "Scumthe people on whom it spied, infiltrated meetings and even obtained from the police confidential law enforcement information the dissemination of which is proscribed by law. The operation even included an attempt to hide ADL as the source of financing for the spy nperation: the ADL salary to a key ADL spy. Roy Bullock, was not paid directly, but was

But we were not the only target. Other targets included the anti-apartheid movement. rights community, ADC was shocked by revelations from: with a San Francisco police the Sair Francisco District Attorney's Office of a nationca information about the antiapartheid movement in the United States. That put in danger the lives of Americans who

would travel to Sonth Africa. African-American community. Computer records seized from ADL's Roy Bullock, and other records indicate that among the organisations upon which files were maintained were the National Conference of Black Lawyers (NAACP), Black Men United for Change and three individual plaintiffs in this action, former Congressman Mervyn Dymally Professor of Black Studies Gerald Horne, and former L.A. City-Councilman Robert Farrell.

Central-American groups were also targeted. It is no small coincidence that one of the police officers who is accused of working with the ADL to violate the civil rights of the plaintiffs, Tont Geraid, is a former CIA agent in Central America. He is now a defendant in this lawsuit. This litigation is not about

the Arab-Israeb conflict; it is about civil rights and privacy the so-called "privatisation" of, intelligence gathering by law enforcement agencies. In our democratie society, law enforcement officials cannot use private persons and organisations, to whom they provide confidential government information, to infiltrate nrga-nisations and spy on individuals in a manner which, if done by a law enforcement official, would violate provisions of the federal Bill of Rights and of state law. Conversely, a private organisation should not be able to ubtain from law enforcement officials personal and confidential government information to use to further its own agenda.

ADL has attempted to de-fend this kind of spying as necessary for the fight against anti-semitism. This explanation holds no water: the targeted groups include hundreds of progressive organisa-tions, as do the targeted individuals. Most telling is ADL's steadfast refusal to release the information it has amassed on 500 organisations and 10,000 individuals.

Ladies and gentlemen, we are not here to put the ADL out of business. We are here to put the ADL back into the business of protecting civil rights, not violating them."

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### Asia is where the action is'

Pacific developing economies are expected to enjoy an average seven per cent annual growth rate through 1995, the Asian Development Bank (ADB) has said.

This is despite a slowdown in China and problems related to overheating economies, such as infrastructure improvement and environmental concerns. "Asia is where the action is," said ADB assistant chief

economist Malcolm Dowling

said. But he estimated annual gross domestic product (GDP) growth for the world as a whole at less than two per cent over the next three years.

The world is not doing very well." he said. ADB officials were hosting a seminar here on regional growth prospects, including Asia officials and experts, as well as the World Bank and

International Monetary Fund. At a news conference after the seminar, ADB officials proclaimed that prospects for the world's most dynamie region remained hright over the medium term.

But Mr. Dowling cautionedthat poverty "remains the most pressing issue in developing Asia," and that despite the region's dramatic growth since the 1970s the number of poer Asians — estimated at about 800 million people -- shower that "the war against poverty in Asia is far from over."

Mr. Dowling also said that some Asian countries are now being ehoked by infrastructure bottlenecks, such as water and power shortages and growing urban decay, adding that "increasing environmental concerns in several countries may limit development

The ADB forecasts China's growth rate for 1993 at 13 per cent. but because of overheating and corrective measures, this should slow down to 10 per cent next year and nine per cent in 1995, still well above

the regional average. Mr. Dowling said that unlike 1989, when the Chinese economy suddenly dipped after a period of overheated growth, he expected a "soft landing" this time for Peking.

ADB Vice President Wil-

liam Thomson said that China acts like "a locomotive for the region" and its slower growth would affect the rest of Asia. Mr. Dowling said that Hong

affected by China's growth rate. Among the other newly industrialising economies (NIES), Mr. Dowling said strong growth in the range of seven to eight per cent is feasible" for Singapore, as it invests heavily in "technology-

intensive electronics." In South Korea, growth is expected to slump in 1993 for the second year in a row because of high wages, anemie investment and sluggish exports, hut a recovery is expected in 1994, following restructuring.

Mr. Dowling forecast 6-6.5 per cent for Seoul by 1995. In Taiwan, Mr. Dowling said the scaling down of the government's ambitious development plan and slow export growth restrained overall growth this year, while rapid increases in investments in China would dampen domestie eapital formation.

He forecast Taiwan growth at six to 6.5 per cent over the next two years.

In South East Asia, Mr. Dowling said favourable external and internal conditions will push growth in the next two years, with the subregion seeing 7.3 per cent average growth by 1995. the region, with growth of about eight per cent in the next two years because of a more stable political climate combined with bouyant domestic demand, along with rising foreign investments.

Malaysia, which had shown the way the past two years, will slow down a bit because of infrastructure bottlenecks, while the region's laggard, the Philippines, will post 3.5 per cent growth next year and five per cent in 1995.

Economic growth in south Asia will continue to be constrained by difficult fiscal and balance-of-payment conditions, along with a weak infrastructure base, Mr. Dowling

But if political stability and normal weather conditions are sustained, economic growth is forecast to increase slightly to an average of 4.2 per cent in the suhregion through 1995.

He cited the prospects of India, which has undertaken major structural reforms, and said that with China's galloping growth slowing down, India, along with Indochina, could turn into new "growth nodes"

tional Economics estimated in

a study that Mexico will gain

600,000 new short-term jobs

under NAFTA and the United

States about 175,000 new jobs

by 1995 as a result of expanded

Representative John Spratt

told Mexican reporters he

wanted to see conditions im-

prove in Mexico. But, he

exports to Mexico.

### **Arab Gulf states earn** less from fertilizer exports

ABU DHABI (AFP) — A also fell by eight per cent from decline in fertilizer prices has \$150 in 1991. bit revenues of Gulf Arab states, already suffering from a sbarp drop in oil income, according to an official Gulf

report. The Saudi-based Arab Petroleum Investment Corporation (APICORP) hlamed new farm policies in Europe and the collapse of the Soviet Union for the weak demand for fertilizers, a key income source for the six-nation Gulf Coopertion Council (GCC).

And it said demand in the key markets of China and India was dropping.

In its annual report, it said low demand has pushed down prices of ammonia to \$105 per tonne in the first nine months of 1993 compared with around \$140 in 1992. Prices of urea

HELSINKI, Finland (AP) -

Russians will suffer more eco-

nomic hardship next year, but

the government will move

ahead with market reforms.

Russia's finance minister said Sunday. "1994 is a crucial year when

economie difficulties will be

increasing and at the same time

real reforms will go forward,"

Boris Fyodorov said at the end

of a three-day routine visit to

Mr. Fyodorov predicted that

10 million Russians, or 6.7 per cent, will be jobless next year,

and that inflation would drop

to a monthly average of 15 to

20 per cent, and as low as two

or three per cent by the end of

Inflation has been running at

about 25 per cent. New reforms will give out-

lying regions more economic

independence, including the

right to tax citizens and design

their own hudgets, Mr.

Also, President Boris Yelt-

sin will issue a decree allowing

the buying and selling of land

most important decisions for

several years, and parliament

was always blocking it," Mr.

"(It) is probably one of the

by the end of the year.

meet Finnish leaders.

the year.

Fyodorov said.

Russian finance

hardship ahead

minister sees more

ment.

"The past few years have seen unprecedented stagnation in demand for chemical fertilizers due to a sharp decline in consumption in former Soviet Union and East Europe and policies by European countries, which are seeking to reduce their farm surplus," the report said.

"The decline bas forced the closure of four fertilizers plants in West Europe with a production capacity of 1.25 million tonnes a year. In the Arab region, our information indicates that fertilizers plants suffered from the decline in prices but have managed to keep the loss to the minimum," the re-

port added.

The bulk of GCC fertilizer

Mr. Fyodorov said the dis-

solution of parliament after the

violent showdown between

Mr. Yeltsin and the legislature

three weeks ago has made

some reforms easier to imple-

ple remained very poor.

Fvodorov said.

next year.

rate.

He admitted that most peo-

"One of the biggest targets

any government in Russia

should have is to create a real

middle class, those who will be

the mainstay of a democratic market economy," Mr.

Poehinok, deputy finance minister, told the daily military

newspaper Krasnaya Zvezda

that the government would

keep a tight rein on spending

Mr. Pochinok said military

expenditures were slated to be

six trillion roubles - about \$5

billion at the current exchange

This year, defence spending

was 2.7 trillion roubles. 13 per

cent of the total budget. But

the new figure doesn't repre-

sent an increase because of

runaway inflation, which aver-

ages 20 per cent a month.

to the quick, but we can no

longer afford the expenditures

"I realise we are still cutting

Meanwhile, Alexander

production is exported as consumption has remained relatively low given thw limited agricultural sector. The biggest consumers of GCC fertilizers are China, India and other

Asian countries. The GCC groups together Kuwait, Sandi Arabia, Bahrain, Oman, the United Arah Emirates and Oatar.

APICROP drew a gloomy pictue about the future of Asian fertilizer markets.

"Some countries are under pressure within the General Agreement for Tariffs and Trade to cut subsidies for farmers and fertilizers to free trade as a preinde to cancelling such subsidies," it said. "India has already followed that trend while China is believed it will follow suit.

### Oman seeks backers for \$700m plant

MUSCAT (R) — Oman has completed feasibility studies for a \$700 million petrochemicals complex and is seeking in-

vestors, a minister has said, Omani minister of commerce and industry Nakboul Bin Ali Bin Sultan told Al Watan newspaper that Neste. Chemicals of Finland had performed the study and would invest in the project.

Mr. Sultan added that several foreign investors had shown interest.

According to Omani laws. foreign partners may hold up to a 65 per cent share in the

project. Muscat, banking on recent natural gas finds, wants a plant

with an estimated annual out-put of 300,000 tonnes of polyp-ropylene and polyethylene. Taiwan-China trade booms

Two-way trade through Hong Kong surged 21.3 per cent from a year earlier to \$5.67 billion between January and August, with Taiwan's exports up 26.4 per cent to \$4.97 billion and imports down 5.4 per cent to \$701 million.

TAIPEI (R) - Trade between Taiwan and China boomed in

the first eight months of this year, but growth has begun to

slow because of Peking's moves to cool its overheated

economy, the Board of Foreign Trade has said.

However, the board said trade growth had started to slow since China adopted credit-tightening measures this summer

to rein in inflation. Taiwan's exports to China through Hong Kong expanded 23.7 per cent from a year earlier to \$646 million in the month

of August alone, the board noted. Most Taiwan-China trade goes through Hong Kong because Taipei's nationalist government has banned direct transport links since the end of the civil war in 1949.

HOROSCOPE FORECAST FOR TUESDAY OCTOBER 26, 1993 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: An can do to improve and to inexcellent day as the Moon trines Mars, Mercury and Pluto bring-ing you an entirely different and better outlook on life. Go to new

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Consider what you can do to arrange your business and per-sonal affairs so they are in better shape where money is concerned and don't get into new enter-

places with new friends and look

into modern methods and condi-

TAURUS: April 20 to May 20) Think about what you can do to-put your talents across early for later some questions of a business nature arise that keep you very preoccupied. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21)

Get into private problems with a member of your family and don't let the actions of an outside associate put you into a questioning frame of mind. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

July 21) Look for the various and sundry messages that require your exacting attention and get at them early as later you are not in the mood for them.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) A good day to get in sums due and owing you so be at creditors and debtors early after which you find pleasures you had anticipated hard to materialise.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) You early see whal you

crease your personal wellbeing so lose no time about it for later home conditions become impera LIBRA; (September 23 to Octo-

ber 22) You have the chance to make headway with a confiden-tial plan to forge ahead where a private plan of action exists but don't seek help from an ally, SCORPIO: (October 23 to

November 21) A very particular friend had the answer you need to gain a desired aim so consult with this person and later keep your purse strings zipped.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Think over the various public needs you have to do something about and get them in back you but later don't try to posh to gain your aims. CAPRICORN: December 22

January 20) Get into the specifics required by you of a new course of action and get as much knowledge as possible, then avoid fus-sing over what you can't help. AQUARIUS: (January 21 10 February 19) Get into whatever promises you have made and get them in back of you by your own conscientiousness, then avoid

limiting older friends. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Talk out and over your wishes with a critical partner and you can convince early in the day but later an old problem can arise to harass your both arise to harass you both.

### Kong, in particular, would be for Asia. U.N. study finds poverty eroding in **Mexico as a result of market reforms**

MEXICO CITY (AP) — Four years of free-market reforms in Mexico have helped lift more than one million Mexicans out

of abject poverty, a U.N.sponsored study found.

The drop in the poverty rate - reversing a year-long trend - comes as the U.S. Congress debates whether Mexico's liv-

ing standards are rising sufficiently to join in a free-trade partnership under NAFTA. The study was conducted jointly by the U.N. Economic Commission for Latin America

and the Caribbean, and the Mexican government, It found 13.6 million Mexicans lived in "extreme poverty" in 1992, about 16.2 per cent of the population. That's an 8.7 per cent drop from 1989's total of 14.9 million people, or

The decline came even as Mexico's population grew from 79 million to 84 million. Between 1984 and 1989, the poorest segment of the popula-

HO CHI MINH CITY (AFP)

Prostitution and drug abuse

have multiplied here in the last

decade because of the coun-

try's economie liberalisation,

the Vietnam News Agency

The agency said this south-

ern city, called Saigon until

1975, is home to an estimated

50,000 prostitutes and 30,000

drug users, and blamed the

numbers on a move towards a

(VNA) said Monday.

market economy.

18.9 per cent of the popula-

director of the study. "Extreme poverty" was defined as when a person doesn't earn enough to buy a select

market basket of basic goods. "More Mexicans than ever have improved the ability to feed themselves and meet the basic necessities for their well-

being," the study concluded. By comparison, the U.S. Census Bureau said there were 36.9 million poor Americans last year, accounting for 14.5 per cent of the population. That was up 1.2 million from 1991 and the highest poverty rate since 1983.

The 1992 U.S. poverty line for a family of fonr was \$14,335. For someone living along, it was \$7,143. Carlos Jarque, head of the Mexican government's National Statistics Institute, called the results extremely encouraging

for the country's war on pover-President Carlos Salinas de

"With the shift to a market-

oriented economy, social evils have increased alongside eco-

nomy growth," VNA said, adding that the number of

prostitutes was five times the

by the state, allow this activity

So far this year, Ho Chi Minh City police have shut down 200 hrothels and de-

to go on as a matter of course, it said.

Many hotels, even ones run

figure in 1985.

tion grew by 6.3 per cent Gortari has sold off more than annually, said Pedro Sainz, 900 inefficient state enterprises Gortari has sold off more than since taking office in 1988 and tamped inflation from 51.7 per

cent that year to near a single digit thus far this year. He has ambitiously vowed to lift Mexico into ranks of the developed world through the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) which would link his country with Canada and the United States

in a bloc of 362 million con-Some NAFTA critics in Washington have warned that linking the United States with a still-developing nation in a major trade pact could result in as many as 500,000 American

jobs going to Mexico's large supply of cheap labour. Mr. Salinas told a group of visiting U.S. congressmen Saturday that Mexico is raising the country's minimum wage of about \$4.50 a day nearly 10 per cent while seeking higher living standards.

The Institute for Interna-

tained 1,000 prostitutes, the

At least 78 opium dens have

been raided, with 323 drug pushers arrested and 153 kilog-rammes of opium and 8.1

kilogrammes of heroin confis-

VNA also reported Monday that Vietnamese Prime Minis-

ter Vo Van Kiet has ordered a

crackdown on smuggling and set up a special committee to

agency said.

added, "we also want to make certain that we do not lower our standard of living in the United States in order to raise standards of living in Mexico." A House vote in an expected tough ratification fight is set

Mexican Trade Minister Jaime Serra Puche recently answered criticism that Mexico's economie opening has caused hardship for many, saying that all will soon share the fruits of liberalisation.

"Naturally it will have an effect on income distribution, but it will create new jobs,' Mr. Serra Puche said.

The communist government,

rying to build a market eco-

nomy, has pinpointed smug-

gling and corruption as two major drains, with smuggling

depriving local manufacturers

of sales worth an estimated \$20

million a year and causing in-

high-profile trials of officials

for corruption, action appears

Porous land borders with

But apart from a handful of

calculable taxation losses.

to have been limited.

#### Fyodorov said. "It cannot be we had before," Mr. Pochinok delayed anymore." Market economy blamed for resurgence of vice in former Saigon

Cambodia, Laos and China, and a long, little-policed coast-line are ideal for smuggling to feed an increasingly prosper-ous population of 70 million

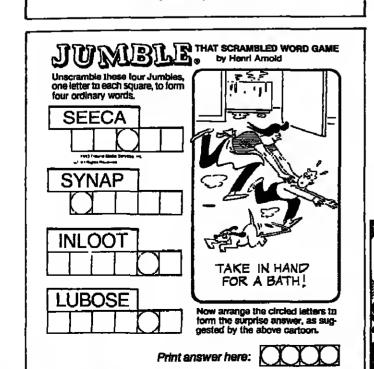
A Ho Chi Minh City newspaper reported recently that 18,500 cases of smuggling had been detected in southern provinces during the first half of this year and this was reckoned to be only one-tenth of the real number. Sixty-one cases were

prosecuted. VNA said Mr. Kiet told officials at a recent meeting that customs, taxation, police and border anthorities bad to coordinate closely to prevent foreign goods being illegally im-

The new committee's joh would be to discover, control and settle smuggling cases according to the law and work ont new regulations to combat

### THE BETTER HALF, By Harris HARRIS "It's a telephone psychic. I asked her about romance, now she can't

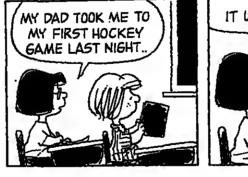
stop snickering!"



Jumbles: DRAMA SAUTE DEFACE HUMBLE He said this was the acting game — CHARADES

(Answers tomorrow)

### Peanuts





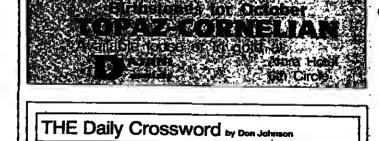


### **Andy Capp**

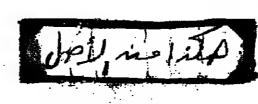


### Mutt'n'Jeff









HAMBURG: Germany (R) — Germany's biggest industrial group Daimler-Benz is facing a loss of 3.9 billion marks (\$2.34 billion) in its operational results this year, the news magazine Der Spiegel has said.

The weekly said the figures were for internal reporting purposes only and were not published by the company.

"Daimler-Benz Group expects to make a loss of 3.9 billion marks (\$2.34 billion) in its internal operating results this year," it said.

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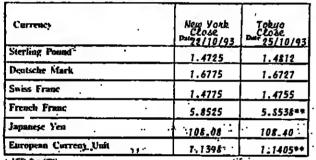
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ISD Per STG European Opening & \$:00 a.m. GMT

1 1			
1 MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTHS
3.06	3.25	3.31	3.50
5.62	5.50	5.31	5.25
6.43.	6.31	6.06	. 5.62
4.44	4.31	4.12	3.88
6.56	6.37	6.12	5.68
2.43	2.31	2.31	2.31
7.12	7.00	6.75	6.31
	5.62 6.43, 4.44 6.56 2.43 7.12	5.62 5.50 6.43. 6.31 4.44 4.31 6.56 6.37 2.43 2.31 7.12 7.00	5.62     5.50     5.31       6.43.     6.31     6.06       4.44     4.31     4.12       6.56     6.37     6.12       2.43     2.31     2.31

	Date: 25/10/1993				
Currency	Bid	Offer			
U.S. Dellar	. 0.6980	0.7000			
Sterling Pound	1.0328	1.0380			
Deutsche Mark	0.4169	0.4190			
Swiss Franc	0.4726	0.4750			
French Franc	0.1192	0.1198			
Japanese. Yen <sup>A</sup>	0.6431	0.6463			
Dutch Guilder	0.3712	0.3731			
Swedish Krena	27272	****			
Italian Lira"	0.0433	0.0435			
Belgian Franc	*****	*****			

Date: 25/70/1993				
Bid	Offer			
1.8280	1.8280			
0.039885	0.041000			
0.1855	0.1820			
2.2300	2.3200			
0.1884	0.1916			
0.2050	0.2220			
1.2750	1.8180			
0.1884	0.1916			
0.2845	0.3265			
1.3540	- 1.4000			
	B4d  1.8280 0.039885 0.1855 2.2300 0.1884 0.2050 1.7750 0.1884 0.2845			

### LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

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U.S. \$1.00 costs

One sterling

One ounce of gold

1.6720/30 1.8792/02 1.4760/70 36.37/41 5.8500/00 1610.5/2.5 108,60/70 8.0850/05 7.2800/00 6.7170/37 \$1.4855/65

\$371,30/371.80

1.3055/65

Canadian dollar **Deutschemarks** Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Denish crowns

# Daimler-Benz group steers French cave-in delays Air France profits, sell-off into the red in '93

sions to strikers at Air France have put off the day when the airline becomes profitable and can be privatised, airline analysts said Monday.

The government Sunday withdrew a recovery plan involving heavy job cuts and salary restraint at the loss-making airline after a strike paralysed air France flights to and from Paris.

"The (recovery) plan... was necessary, it was late, it was essential in fact," said James Halstead, European airlines analyst at stockbroker SBC in London.

Even the government had said that the recovery plan was needed to ensure the survival of the airline. Its capitulation to strikers

has now raised doubts in analysts minds about whether the company can be privatised — as well as prompting the resignation of Air France Chairman Bernard Attali, architect of the recovery plan.

what credibility you have with investors," said one European transport analyst, who declined to be named.

"I have my doubts the government will be capable of privatising the company in 1995," he said.

The government included Air France, whose losses grew from 685 million French francs (\$116.9 million) in 1991 to 3.27 billion francs (\$558.2 million) last year, on its list of 21 companies to be privatised. Paris forecasts Air France will lose 5.5 billion francs (\$938.9 million) this year, which it has indicated it will cover with a

cash injection. Budget Minister Nicolas Sarkozy Sunday questioned the point of refinancing Air France if the same problems persisted.

Despite his comments, however, analysts suspect Paris will take the easy way nut and go on bailing out Air France. They said that could upset

"If you are not going to back the European Commission, your chairman I do not see which is overseeing a tricky deregulation of Europe's air-

> France is already seeking Brussels' indulgence over a 9.3 billion French franc (\$1.59 billion) injection for loss-making state computer firm Compagnie des Machines Bull, another privatisation candidate.

Air France has been particularly hard hit by a downturn in air traffic after the Gulf war as

the world slipped into reces-sinn, and by sharp competition

ahead of deregulation. Analysts say it has to trim

costs and be run in a more market-oriented way, as happened at British Airways in the early 1980s, if it is to make respectable profits.
"Without Air France really

attending to its very high cost base it is going to be very difficult to be in a position to make much money," said SBC's Halstead.

The airline, a French national symbol, is renowned for being heavily overstaffed com-

pared to competitors. Mr. Attali wanted to trim 4,000 jobs, cut unit costs and axe non-profitable routes.

Critics say Mr. Attali should have seen the shape of things to come and adapted the airline more gradually, starting But even with high costs, Air

France could make feeble profits, perhaps in 1995, certainly in 1996, Mr. Halstead said. He said it will be horne on the upswing of the air traffic cycle, due in emerge in 1995.

lying problems, it will fall again as the cycle swings back, and its thin profits will not sustain it in hard times.

Air France is in roughly the same position as British Airways before it was knocked into shape, Mr. Halstead said.

"It has the same need for significant restructuring to turn it round from an airline that flies planes to an airline that flies people. It took British Airways five years," he said.

### 'War' flares in Kuwaiti oil industry

NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP) -The state-run Kuwait Petroleum Corp. (KPC) has a "serious management crisis" following the resignation of its deputy chairman in a feud with Oil Minister Ali Ahmad Al Baghli, the Middle East Economic Survey (MEES) reported Monday.

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Abdul Razzak Mulla Hussein quit Oct. 16, accusing Sheikh Al Baghli of having launched a "deeply critical attack" nn leading figures in

the emirate's oil industry. Sheikh Hussein said in his letter of resignation, published by MEES, that Sheikh Al Baghli was "helittling the

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efforts they made over many years and dismissing their actions, expertise and continued work and service over a long period as a failure which did neither them nor their country

any credit."
Sheikh Al Baghli publicly declared in May that some senior officials in the state-run

oil companies would be dismissed in a drive to boost efficiency as Kuwait rebuilt its oil industry following the Iraqi

occupation.

Kuwait has oil reserves estimated at nearly 95 hillion barrels, the third largest in the world after Saudi Arabia and Iraq.

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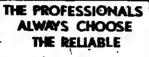
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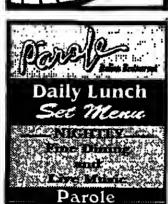
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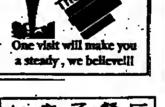
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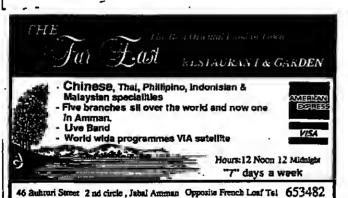


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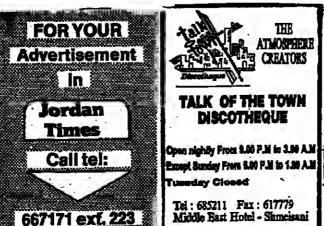
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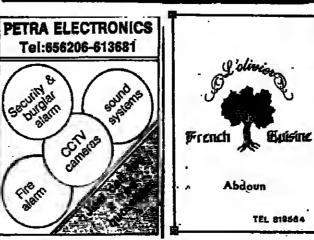
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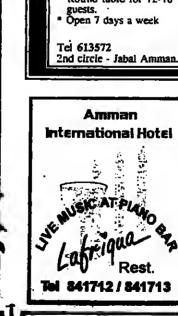














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### Sinn Fein holds out prospect of IRA truce after bomb attack

BELFAST (R) - The leader John Hume held five months Mallon said: "The talks must of the IRA's political wing, battling to save his tattered peace initiative after a botched IRA bomb attack, said Monday he would ask guerrillas to lay down their arms if Britain accepted his proposals.

"If the British government take on board what is put to them. I believe the IRA would positively respond," Sinn Fein leader Gerry Adams said after the weekend bomh hlast that killed 10 people in the Protestant heartland of Belfast.

The Irish Republican Army (IRA), fighting to end British rule in Northern Ireland, was gravely embarrassed by the political damage done to its cause and apologised for Saturday's bomh in Belfast, which was aimed at Protestant extremists meeting in a room above a fishmonger's shop.

It went off prematurely, killing nine shoppers and a guer-rilla planting the device.

The explosion was the organisation's most serious mistake since the death of 11 Protestants in a war memorial massacre in the border town of Enniskillen in 1987.

But it insisted the botched attack "was not a mad dog operation to discredit peace talks," nationalist sources close to the guerrilla group's leadership said.

"It was not aimed at wrecking the talks but we accept it was a major blow for Republican peace negotiations," one

source said. "The IRA will be bolding its own inquiry into not only what went wrong on the spot but the planning stages too. Those who sanctioned it will be called to account," the source added. Moderate Irish nationalist

BUJUMBURA, Bnrundi

(AFP) — Surviving members

of Burundi's ousted govern-

ment, holed up in the French

emhassy here, refused Monday

to negotiate with Tntsi-led

troops who they said killed the

country's first Hutu president

in a coup attempt last week.

Soldiers Monday discreetly

huried President Melchior

Ndadaye and senior aides slain

with him in last Thursday's

putsch, sources close to the

army said, but there was oo

official confirmation of the re-

missioner for Refugees mean-

while said that almost 250,000

people had fled into neigh-

bouring Rwanda to escape

ethnic bloodshed which fol-

lowed the coup. Another

12,000 refugees were reported

Refugees reported that the

army had begun killing Hutus

io several districts of Burundi

and reports reaching the capit-

al also spoke of Hutus rising up

Staff of the U.N. High Com-

of secret talks with Mr. Adams which both considered to be the best chance of peace for Northern Ireland in 25 years of conflict.

No details of the negotiations have been published but the Irish government, briefed hy Mr. Hume, had been optimistic about their chances.

Mr. Adams, raising the prospect of a ceasefire even though his credibility may have been shattered by the IRA's mistake, said of his proposals: "If the British government responded to those positively, I would be quite pleased to go to the IRA and make that propositioo.'

Mr. Adams had condemned Saturday's bomh attack in terms, calling it forceful wrong, inexcusable and a dis-

Pressed by BBC Radio on whether he had enough inflnence with the guerrilla group to deliver a ceasefire, he said: "I think that is where we would get a real understanding of what my influence would do. "I am quite prepared to go

to the IRA with a mind to make proposals about how; they conduct their campaign. Obviously I want that to be a worthwhile prospect. "I don't want to be going

back and forth making meaningless statements.

"I would he very dis-. appointed if they (the British government) did not know what was required here." The London and Dublio

governments were quick to condemn the Belfast carnage and distance themselves from the Hume-Adams dialogue. Mr. Hume's deputy Seamus

to massacre their historical

overlords in a latest bout of the

ethnic bloodletting Mr. Nda-

A source close to the Nda-

daye government said Monday

that surviving cabinet ministers

who sooght refuge in the

French emhassy had turned

down a call for an amnesty

from the putschists, who

offered in return to hand over

the body of the president,

The ministers did "not trust

a rebel army" and feared that a

demand for talks by the puts-

chists, whose leadership re-

mained ooclear, was but a

"trap" to lure them out of the

Some government officials

said the plotters should be pro-

secuted and the army dis-

banded, Rwandan Radio has

the international community to

deploy troops in Burundi to

protect themselves and the

Several ministers called on

embassy and "kill them too."

elected in June.

the source said.

daye had pledged to end.

go as there is no alternative.

Irish Foreign Minister Dick Spring and Britain's Northern Ireland Secretary Sir Patrick Maybew cancelled a planned Wednesday meeting out of respect for the victims.

British Prime Minister John Major will meet his Irish counterpart Albert Reynolds at a **European Community summit** in Brussels Friday but there is now little chance of any advance on the peace front.

The Ulster Freedom Fighters, an outlawed group fighting to keep Northern Ireland British, have vowed that Irish nationalists will "pay a very heavy price" for the bungled IRA attack that left Belfast's Shaokill Road numb with

Up to 40,000 commuters trying to get to work faced rail chaos Monday after IRA guerrillas hlew up the main link between western England and

British Rail suspended ser-vices after the IRA exploded a bomh Sunday night on the line running through the town of Reading, a day after the botch-ed bomh attack in Belfast.

'We're making the track safe first, then there will be a forensic search," police Chief Superintendent Anthony Howlett-Bolton said Monday. "Then the line will be opened.

. Police said the IRA gave them an hour's warning before the

A bigger bomb found in toilets at Reading station, an important junction, was made safe Sunday night by the army bomh squad and another device was defused at nearby Ukraine Massacres follow coup in Burundi

Hutu majority population at

large from the mainly Tutsi

Bosco Daradangue, a Defence Ministry official, late Sunday

went on television to criticise

the position of the govern-

ment, of which some members

have also called for interna-

tional sanctions on Burundi.

can solve Buruodi's prob-

lems," Col. Daradangue said,

accusing the government of

refusing to resume office."

latively calm Monday, fear

prevailed and residents found

it increasingly hard to buy pro-

visions, since husioess and

trade had almost completely

ground to a halt since Thurs-

Sporadic clashes were re-

ported from outlying Hutu-

majority suburbs as Tutsis liv-

ing there fell back towards the

city centre, but the violence

was not on the scale described

in other parts of the country.

While Bujumbura was re-

"It's not foreign forces who

Lieutenant-Colonel Jean-

There were no casualties hut Reading and Basingstoke stations were both closed Mooday. Misleading warnings about bombs at other stations Sunday night caused other closures and disruption to the rail network.

British Rail warned of "severe delays" Monday and asked commuters to report suspicious packages.

The attacks appeared to be part of the tactics adopted by the IRA, fighting to end British rule in Northern Ireland, to Britain's economy and gain publicity.

There were serious delays Monday for commuters using Londoo's Waterloo Terminal Station.

"We're doing our best to look after the 40,000 people due to use these services," said Roger McDonald of British Rail, explaining hastily-improvised alternative arrangements which included hus shuttle ser-

"I'm optimistie we will start to get back to oormal this morning," he said.

Motoring organisations re-ported that the rail disruption caused heavy traffic on main highways into the British

This has been the most intense year of IRA activity in mainland Britain since 1974 when targets included pubs

and an army coach. One of the biggest hlasts was cansed by a stolen truck packed with explosives which went off in Londoo's financial district in April, killing a photographer, injuring dozens of people and causing millions of nounds' worth of damage.

to ratify

START-1

but wants

more cash

KIEV (R) - Ukrainian legis-

lators pledged on Monday to ratify the START-I nuclear

disarmament treaty by the end

of the year, but demanded far

more compensation for giving

up nuclear weapons than the

The deputies, speaking after

two hours of talks with II.S.

Secretary of State Warren

Christopher, said there was oo

question of approving for the

moment other international

accords requiring Kiev to give

up the weapons for good.
"We will ratify START by the

end of the year," Dmytro Pav-lychko, head of parliament's

Foreign Affairs Commission, told Reuters. "But there is so far no question of ratifying the

Lisbon protocols and the non-

proliferation treaty (NPT)."
Ukraine is the last of four

former Soviet republics hold-

ing nuclear weapons to ratify

START-1, after Russia. Be-larus and Kazakhstan. Russia

is the only one of them due to

retain any warheads left over

Under the terms of protocols

signed in Lisbon last year,

Ukraine. is to give up 176

strategic missiles still on its

territory. But President Leonid

Kravchuk and other leaders

have suggested it should retain some missiles for a time.

Mr. Christopher secured a pledge from Kazakhstan Sun-day to join NPT as a non-nuclear state by the end of the

year. His current trip will also take him to Belarus, which has

approved both the strategic

arms reduction treaty

The influencial chairman of

Ukraine's parliament, Ivan

Plyushch, said Ukraine was

seeking compensation of up to

\$5 billion, far in excess of an initial U.S. offer of \$175 mil-

lion to cover the costs of dismantling weaponry.
''Christopher said that

Ukraine would have greater

security if it rid itself of nuclear

weapons. I told him there was

no point in trying to convince

him of this," he told reporters.

proceeds from the sale of these

warheads at between \$3.6 bil-

lion and \$5 billion. \$1 billion

(in compensation) for each of

the next five years will be

Ukraine wants much of the

money to pay for fuel to run

the country's five nuclear pow-

er plants.
U.S. officials travelling with

Mr. Christopher acknowledge

that the nuclear republics stand

to gain as much as \$12 billion

from dismantling their war-

heads. One U.S. estimate puts

the value of Ukraine's share of

the weapons at \$1 hillioo to \$2

sufficient."

"Experts have estimated the

(START-1) and NPT.

from the Soviet era.

United States has offered.

# Georgian government troops reload their guns during a battle near the western town of Samtredia (AFP photo) Georgian troops recapture Poti

TBILISI (AFP) - Georgian troops recaptured the strategie Black Sea port of Poti Monday frnm snpporters of ousted President Zviad Gamsakhurdia and pressed on with an offensive toward the rebels' main strooghold in western Georgia, officials said.

Meanwhile the commander of Russian troops in Tbilisi said a collective security agreement between Georgia and the Commonwealth of Independ-ent States (CIS) had been finalised, opening the way for Russian, Armenian and Azerbaijani troops to help guard vital supply lines through

Georgia. A spokesman for Georgian President Eduard Shevardnadze said troops loyal to Mr. Gamsakhordia fled Poti as government troops advanced, reaching the outskirts of the port city Sunday.

The city, captured by the rebels oo Oct. 2, serves as one of the main supply routes to central Georgia and neighbouring Armenia and Azer-

Officials said the government forces were also continuing their offensive in the Mingrelia regioo, the home region and main base of support for Mr. Gamsakhurdia, who is

reportedly io the regional

capital, Zugdidi. Officials said Georgian troops were fighting Monday to capture the town of Senaki. the fall of which would give them easy access to Zugdidi.

The CIS defence pact would provide a significant boost for Mr. Shevardnadze, although officials at the Russian Defence Ministry in Moscow said earlier in the day that Georgia had not met all the conditions necessary for implementing the

Mr. Shevardnadze published a decree Saturday saying that Georgia had joined the CIS, which groups most of the former Soviet republics and includes a defence pact under which members can intervene on behalf of fellow CIS states in the event of an attack by a third party.

Up to 80 per cent of Georgians are said to be in favour of

the CIS membership. The Russian military com-mander in Toilisi said that according to the collective agreement, Armenian troops would be deployed to protect railway lines between Poti and Kutaisi, Georgia's second city and an important railway junc-

tion to Armenia. Russia troops, for their part, would be deployed along a

250-kilometre (155-mile) stretch between Kutaisi and Tbilisi and Azerbaijani troops would oversee the route between Tbilisi and the Azerbaiiani border to the east, he said,

The military assistance and the recapture of Poti represent a significant boost to Georgian troops who in recent days have managed to reclaim several towns following a string of defeats to the rebels.

Mr. Shevardnadze Sunday issued an ultimatum to the rehels doring his weekly address on national radio, telling them to lay down their

weapons or face annihalation. He told the rebels that they would be granted amnesty if they surrendered but that Mr. Gamsakhurdia and his close aides would not be given the same treatment.

The rebel forces being led by Gamsakhurdia will be defeated in coming days," Mr. She-vardnadze said: "He and his admirers are today the worst

enemies of Georgia." Mr. Gamsakhurdia, Georgia's first and only democratically elected president, was ousted in January 1992 but in September began a military push to try and reclaim power as Mr. Shevardnadze was trying to quash a rebellion by secessionists in Abkhazia.

### Canada is set for uncertain future

OTTAWA (AFP) - Canadians trudged through snow, rain and sunshine across six time zones Monday to vote in their country's 35th general

The only certainty, according to opinion polls published before the weekend, is that the Liberal Party of Jean Chretien Progressive Conservative Party of Prime Minister Kim Camp-

victory, possibly with a working majority in the next parliament, he may fail to win a seat for himself.

By tradition, the prime minister of Canada must have a seat in parliament.

So Mr. Chretien is likely to be forced to persuade a Liberal member of parliament with a safe seat to stand down to enable the leader by-election.

Ms. Campbell, whose Tories are likely to be relegated to fourth or fifth place in the new

nenians reach Iran border

tough battle to hold on to her parliamentary seat in Vanconver centre

All the latest opinion polls give Mr. Chretien's Liberals about 40 per cent of the national poll with the populist Reform Party and the Tories neck and neck around 17-20 per

They are followed by the Bloc Onebecois which is not contesting any seats outside the French-speaking province of Quebec, and the New Democrats who are trailing at just seven per cent.

#### But while Mr. Chretico appears beaded for a national parliament, was also having a

Karabakh Ar MOSCOW (AFP) - Ethnic Armenians from Azerbaijan's separatist Nagorno-Karabakh enclave have reached the border between Azerbaijan and Iran on the River Araks, a Nagorno-Karahakh official

said Monday. Secessionists captured several Azerbaijani bases in the Goradiz region, southeast of Nagoroo-Karahakh, aod reached the border Sunday in the south of Azerbaijan, which they control along a 40kilnmetre streteh, Robert Kocharian, president of the

Nagorno-Karahakh Defence Committee, told AFP. He told AFP by telephone from Stepanakert, the eoclave's main city, that Azeris who had been living in the border region fled towards

Mr. Kocharian charged that Azerbaijani forces over the weekend broke a ceasefire that was to last until Nov. 5 and shelled the reginns of Fizuli and Dzhehrail, located southeast and south of the disputed

The Azerbaijani troops also captured five Armeoian posi-

tions on the front line, he said. Mr. Kocharian said separatist leaders demanded that Azerbaijam troops withdraw from the captured areas but Baku officials have indicated they have no control over the army factions who violated the

The Armenian separatists in Nagorno-Karabakh have been fighting for independence since February 1988.

Last week clashes flared briefly in the enclave, which has been fighting for independence since February 1988.

In Tehran Sunday, the Ira-oian News Agency (IRNA) quoted border officials as saying Azeri and Armenian forces had intensified their artillery duels near the Iranian border.

"Heavy exchanges" in the towns of Kubatly, Zanglan and Goradiz had been heard in Iran since Saturday, according to border officials quoted by IRNA. All three towns fell in Au-

gust following a series of assaults by Armenian forces from Nagorno-Karabakh. The new clashes in south-

western Azerbaijan has sent another wave of Azeri refugees across the border into Iran, Iraoian oewspapers said Monday.

IRNA said Sunday that some 4,000 refugees had entered the country through the northwestern Aslanduz region, following an escalation of

IRNA, quoting an Interior Ministry official, said the refugees were provided with food rations and transferred to the Imishly refugee camp in sonthern Azerhaijan. The camps were set op by Iran at the request of Baku.

Jomhuri Eslami newspaper quoting local officials, said meanwhile Mooday that Armenian forces had been using heavy artillery to bombard since Saturday dozens of villages near Agdam and Fizuli, cities in southwestern Azerbaijan.

It said the attack had led to a 'great number' of civilian casnalties and caused thousands to fiee their homes. Several villages in the area had been occupied by Armenians,

### Koreas report nuclear deadlock

SEOUL (R) - North and South Korea made no progress during talks Monday aimed at eliminating the nuclear threat from their divided peninsula, but Southern delegates extended a ray of hope for the

The South and North agreed only to meet again next week. The talks at Panmunion. which straddles the heavily guarded frontier, focused on a proposed exchange of envoys charged with defusing a longrunning row over the inspection of Pyongyang's suspected

nuclear weapons programme. "There was no substantial progress in today's talks, with the North insisting on preconditions for the exchange of special envoys," South Korea's chief delegate, Soug Young-Dae, told reporters after returning to Seoul from the twohour session. "We agreed to meet again nn Nov. 4."

,"I expect the North to change its attitude in the next round of talks," Mr. Song said. "The Northern side for the first time offered a draft accord oo the exchange of envoys and the Northern chief delegate repeatedly told us during today's talks the exchange of envoys should take place next month," he said.

Sooth Korea proposed its own draft on the exchange visits in a first round of border talks early this mouth.

Mr. Song said the North demanded again that Seoul halt next year's U.S.-South Korean "Team Spirit" war games and give up its cooperation with international bodies to settle the ouclear dispute before an envoy exchange could take

Mr. Song denied local news reports he had told Northern delegates Seoul was ready to suspend next year's war games if Pyongyang cleared up suspicions over its nuclear ambi-Meanwhile, North Korea

has told Amnesty International it flatly rejects accusations of widespread homan rights abuse but in such a way that Amnesty hopes signals the Communist government's willingness to engage in dialogue.

North Korea's ambassador to the United Nations in Geneva wrote to the London-based human rights watchdog in response to a bleak report the group published on Oct. 15 on conditions in the secretive Asian state which describes itself as "paradise on earth."

### Michael Jackson arrives in **Mexico City**

MEXICO CITY (R) — Pop superstar Michael Jackson ap rived in Mexico City Sunday, three days shead of schedul after cancelling concerts in Chile and Peru, airport authorities said. Jackson is scheduled to perform in four concerts in Mexico City between Oct. 19 and Nov. 4 as part of his Dangerous world tour which included previous stops in Asia. "He arrived between 5:30 p.m. (2330 GMT( and 6.00 p.m. (midnight GMT)," said Guillermina Zuniga, spokeswoman for the Benito fearez International Airport in Mexico City. Jackson, whose megahits include Thriller and Billie Jean, postponed per-formances in Asia and missed two in Chile and Peru during the tour that was marred by allegations of child abuse in California.

#### Ramos' daughter: weds TV director

MANILA (R) — The pop singer daughter of President Fidel Ramos married a Filipino television director Sunday in a garden ceremony at the pres-idential palace. Soldiers stood guard round the palace to keep out the media and ensure that only invited guests were allowed inside. "We don't like our wedding to be a circus. This is a very private affair," presidential Press Secretary lesus Sison quoted the bride 37-year-old Josephine "Jo" Ramos, as saying of her marriage to ex-film actor Lloyd Samartino, 31. "My gift is to pick up the bill," President Ramos told reporters Saturday. He had five children; all

#### Berlin receives Dietrich memorabilia

BERLIN (AFP) — A collec-tion of Marleoe Dietrich memorabilia, around 100,000 items destined to take their place in a museum in her honour, was handed over Sunday to the City of Berlin by ber daughter Maria Riva. Berlin hought the collection for \$5 million at auction in New York on Sept. 14. It will go to the German Cinematic Founds tioo, which will sort and catalogue the collection before putting it on display in 1998. Part of the collection will be shown in 1995 as part of an exhibition marking 100 years of cinema. At a banding over ceremony Sunday, Ms. Riva said: "A mother would have said they were crazy, but underneath it all, she would have been very proud." Dietrich died in May last year at the age of 90. She was buried next to her mother in her native Berlin, which she fled after Hitler came to power in 1933. Many Germans of the older generation still accuse her of betraying her country, especially as she sang for American troops during World

#### Chiid who thought he could fly, survives faii

NEW YORK (R) — A 5-yearold boy whose mother said he thought he could fly survived a six-storey fall with only braises, newspapers reported Monday. Paul Rosen, whose mother Christine called him "a strong, brave child who thought he could fly," fell 70, feet (21 metres) onto concrete but suffered no serious injuries, the New York Post and: the Daily News said, quoting doctors. His mother did not elaborate. "It was like the angels caught him," the news quoted ooc paramedic as saying. It said the child apparently landed on his rear end." The Post quoted a hospital source as saying the boy was playing Superman and had jumped. But the news quoted a policeman saying the boy had apparently just reached for a dangling toy and fallen from a Manhattan apartment window, which did not have citymandated guard rails to pre-cent such accidents.

#### Fangs for the memories...

PEKING (R) — A stip of the chopsticks 25 years ago launched Jin Changfu's musical career — playing 20 famous Chinese tunes by hitting his teeth. The 39-year-old paper salesman from Changchun in northeast China got his dental inspiration at 14 "when his chopsicks happened to knock upon his teeth and produced a crisp 'dang' sound," the official . Xinhua News Agency said: Monday. His toothy tunes now include I Love Tiananmen and The East Is Red, familiar to all Chinese — and soon to many in Singapore and South Korea, where he is planning a concert...

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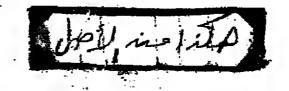
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### Raintrap wins French St Leger

PARIS (R) — Raintrap, owned by Khalid Abdullah and ridden by Pat Eddery, edged out English raiders Mashaallah and Somus in a tight finish to the French St Leger Horse Racing Classic at Longchamp Sunday. Raintrap, never worse than second in five previous attempts this season, notched his fourth and biggest win of the campaign with a typically game victory which has become his hallmark. Eddery bided his time at the back of the field on the Andre Fabre-trained Raintrap, who successfully pounced inside the final furlong (200 metres) to wio the 3.1 km test by a short neck and a nose. Another British runner, Assessor, started a warm favourite to emulate last year's success, but the Richard Hannon runner finished fifth and out of the money for the first time this season. Jockey John Reid reported: "I was nearly knocked ont of the saddle five furlongs (1 km) out and I lost an iron as a result." The meeting was the last major one of the French season, highlighted three weeks ago by Urban Sea's victory in the Prix de L'arc De Triomphe. Khalid Abdullah has had another excellent year in European classics thanks mainly to Zafonic and Commander in Chief, winner of the English 2,000 Guineas and Derby, although there have also been disappointments with two other top-rated colts in Tenby and Armiger.

#### **West Brom to play Halifax**

LONDON (AFP) - West Bromwich Albion, one of two first division sides who have to start in round one, travel to Halifax, relegated to the conference last year, in the first round of the FA Cup. Non-league Enfield play ser and division Cardiff. There was crowd trouble outside the Et field ground when the two sides met in the second round in 1988, Cardiff winning 4-1. Mariow, who lost to Spurs at White Hart Lane last year, play Peter Shilton's Plymouth at home. Second division strugglers Fulham face a daunting task at Yeovil who have an ominous record of cup upsets under their belts. Yeovil Secretary Roger Brinsford said: "We played them back in the 1950s when Jimmy Hill was playing for them, and they beat us, so we them

#### Frenchmen get wild cards for Paris Open

PARIS (AP) - Henri Leconte and three other French players have received wild-card invitations for the \$2.1 million Paris Open, organisers announced Monday. Leconte, Olivier Delaitre, Rodolphe Gilbert and Guillaume Raoux, were accepted into the 48-player field for the Nov. 1-7 event at the Bercy Sports Palace. Wimbledon and U.S. Open champion Pete Samoras heads a field that includes 32 of the world's top 33 players. Andre Agassi, originally in the field as No. 23. withdrew with a wrist injury. Last year, Boris Becker won his third title in the seven years of the tournament. He went on to win the ATP World Championship. Other top players entered include Australian Open champion Jim Courier, now ranked No. 2 in the world behind Sampras, 1990 champion Stefan Edberg and French Open champion Sergi Bruguera.

#### Sampras wins Lyon tournament

30 e 18

1

LYON, France (AP) — Pete Sampras beat Frenchman Cedric Pioline 7-6 (7-5), 1-6, 7-5, to win the Lyon Tennis Tournament for the third consecutive time and take possession of a diamond-studded trophy. It was Sampras's 19th tournament victory and seventh this year, including Wimhledon and the U.S. Open. Pioline has yet to win in six tournament finals, including losses io Sampras at the U.S. Open and at Lyon twice. It was the third consecutive week Pioline advanced to a final and lost. Sampras had not played since he won the U.S. Open at the beginning of September. He now has 12 straight match victories.

### Guinea reach African Nations Cup finals

JOHANNESBURG (R) — Guinea carved out a narrow victory over Burundi in neutral Gabon Sunday to take the final place in next year's African Nations Cup finals. Guinea beat the tiny East African nation 5-4 in a penalty shootout after the two teams had failed to score in their play-off match in Libreville, the Gabonese capital. The result means Guinea qualify for the Nations Cup finals, to be held in Tunisia next March, for the first time since 1980 and also makes up for their disappointment after being eliminated from the World Cup last month. Guinea join hosts Tunisia, holders Ivory Coast, Egypt, Gabon, Ghana, Mali, Nigeria, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Zaire and Zambia in the 12-team final tournament from March 25 to April 9.

### Suns-pick up where dream team left off

MUNICH (AP) — In case anybody forgot what the "dream team" proved in Barcelona, the Phoenix Suns reminded them in Munich the NBA's finest are in a different league than the rest of the world. Although the gap may be narrowing, the Suns' easy victories over two of Europe's top clubs showed there still is a long way to go before foreign teams can compete on equal terms with the NBA. The Suns routed Real Madrid of Spain 145-115 Friday and beat Buckler Bologna of Italy 112-90 Saturday to win the McDonald's Open, a six-team event pitting an NBA team against league champions from Europe and Brazil. The Suns extended the NBA's record to 12-0 in the six editions of the tournament. "An NBA team will lose sooner or later," Phoenix coach Paul Westphal said. The evidence points to later.

### **GOREN BRIDGE**

WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ South West North Pass Pass 1 4

East 1 7

Pass ? What do you bid now?

Q.4—Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: ♦Q106 ♥AJ4 ♦1074 ♦AKQ7

Partner opens the bidding with on diamond. What do you respond?

Q.1—Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: ♠K10 ♥AK53 010 ♠AKQ432 The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
1 4 Pass 1 4 Pass

What do you hid now? Q.2-Both vulnerable, as South

you hold: ♦AKJ7 ∇4 ○AK1082 ♦K52 What do you bid now?

Q.3.—East-West vulnerable, as South you hold: e983 \$73 \$AKJ83 \$K108 The bidding has proceeded:

Y

Q.5-As South, vulnerable, you Partner opens the bidding with one diamond. What do you respond? Q.6-North-South vulnerable, at South you hold: **4AJ876 VJ987 \$5 4K86** The bidding has proceed West North East

1 7 Dbl Pass
What do you bid now? South

### Jordan U-19 basketball matches continue today

By Aleen Bannayan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The Kingdom's under-19 basketball competition continues Tuesday when three matches are scheduled to take place at Amman's Al Hussein Sports Palace and Irbid's Al Hassan

Participating teams will hope that the Jordan Basketball Federation teams will have completed their contacts with Al Hassan Sports City officials to avoid any more put off citing a

Al Orthodoxi, who have so far maintained an unbeaten record, will meet Al Jazireh, an ambitious team vying to end Al Orthodoxi's and Al Ahli's domination of the country's basketball

Al Jazireh who have this year clinched the boys under-14 and under-16 titles have so far lost one match 73-57 to titleholders Al Ahli. They easily overcame third division team Al Mafraq 142-21 (57-9), and second division team Al Abbasi 67-44 (31-25). Al Abbasi who scored an 84-20 big win of their own over Al Mafraq, will be meeting Abu Nusair who have so far lost all their matches; 124-23 to Al Orthodoxi; 136-21 to Al Ahli; and a

disappointing final minnte 45-43 loss to Al Mafraq.

Al Abbasi will be seeking to advance their standing and challenge Al Hussein for a place in the second round of the championship in which the top four teams will be fighting for the

Al Hussein will play Al Mafraq in the third match of the day.

### Standings

		_				
Team	P	W	L	SF	SA ·	Pts
Al Orthodoxi	3	3	_	266	84 .	6
Al Abii	3	3	_	315	118	6
Al Jazireh	3	2	1	264	135	5
Al Abbasi	4	1	3	209	258	5
Al Mafrag	3	ī	2	86	269	4
Abu Nusair	3	_	3	87	305	3
AJ Hussein	ī		. 1	17	75	ĭ
	-		-		,,	. •

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### Karpov moves closer to world chess title

JAKARTA (R) - Russia's Anatoly Karpov was only one point away from the world title after drawing with Jan Timman of the Netherlands in the 18th

game of the World Chess Championship Monday. A smiling Karpov left the playing hall knowing that he was on the verge of regaining the title he lost to compatriot

Garry Kasparov in 1985. Karpov, 42, now leads the 24 game match by 11.5 points to 6.5 oceding 12.5 points to take the world title and the lion's share of the one million Swiss francs \$700,000 prize fund. Contrary to expectations, Karpov did oot have an easy

task in drawing Monday's Timman, playing with the disadvantage of the black pieces, tried desperately to un-balance an equal position but

Karpov defended precisely and Timman was eventually forced to concede a draw after 38 moves and five hours' play.

"Jan played well today," Karpov said. "He offered an interesting queen sacrifice which I could not accept and after that I had nothing. Maybe I should have tried a different 11th move."

Karpov and Timman are playing for the official world championship because Kasparov, the world nnumber 1, and Nigel Short, his English challenger, broke away from the World Chess Federation to organise a more incrative contest in Londoo.

Kasparov, who won the London match last week, was stripped of his world title in April but still considers himself the legitimate world champion.

### Japan keep World Cup hopes alive with win against S. Korea

DOHA (Ageocies) — Japanese soccer's most popular star Kazuyoshi Miura scored the game's only goal against South Korea Monday, keeping Japan's hope alive to qualify for the World Cup finals 1994 The defeat was South

Korea's first in this six-nation Asian qualification tourna-An estimated 1,000 Japanese fans, some with faces

painted to resemble the rising sun, chanted "Miura, Miura, as the 26-year-old professional footballer scored the all important goal in the 60th minute of

the play.

The chant then turned to "Nippon, Nippon," for Japan. Japanese players hugged each other, as the South Koreans quietly walked away to the dressing room.

Japan now faces Iraq in their last match on Oct. 28 which will decide if Japan, winner of the eight-nation Asian Cup in 1992, will take of the two Asian slots for the 24-nation

World Cup finals.

The defeat placed South Korea in the same bracket point with Iraq. Both have four points from four matches. Japanese goalkeeper Shigetatsn Matsunaga foiled

what could have been South Korea's first goal in the 5th minnte of the game, when he threw himself in front of advancing Non Jung-Yoon and collected the ball. Six minutes later it was the

turn of the Japanese, but Masami Ihara's shot from inside the 6-metre penalty box hit the har and rebounded. Ihara had got a perfect pass from the left flank by Masashi Nakayama,

Japan got as many as three corners in the following 15 minutes, but wasted them. Japan again came close to scoring on the 31st minute, but Tsnyoshi Kitazawa's overpowering shot found its way into the hands of the Korean goalkeeper Choi In-Young. At the break there was no

Japan went ahead 1-0 in the 60th minute when Miura flicked the ball from inside the penalty box after getting a pass from Masashi Nakayama. In the remaining time, the Japanese dominated with their

ised player, Ruy Ramos, open-ing at least three opportunities. The defeat came as a shock to South Korea which is seeking its third consecutive World Cup appearance.
Since its first World Cup bid

in 1954 in Switzerland ended in hnmiliating defeats, Sonth Korea has continued its buildup, making it one of Asia's leaders. Confidence increased after South Korea represented Asia in World Cup cham-pionships in 1986 and again in

But since 1990, many Korean fans have turned to professional baseball, making it the nation's most popular

Meanwhile, Jose Candido of Saudi Arabia Monday became the second coach to be sacked during the Asian World Cup qualifying finals here.

The Brazilian was dismissed after Sunday's 1-1 draw with Iraq even though Saudi Arabia are well-placed to qualify for next year's finals in America. He will be replaced by Saudi youth team coach Ahmad Al Khrashi who was expected in Doha Monday.

from behind to get draws against South Korea and Iraq. The Saudi delegation gave no reason for sacking the 48year-old Brazilian less than a year after he took the joh. A statement released by delegation chief Prince Sultan

The Saudis had to come

ruler King Fahd, said: "The team will be led for its last match by the Sandi coach Ahmad Al Khrashi, The Brazilian Jose Candido is no longer coach. His joh was terminated after the match

Ben Fahd, son of the Saudi

against Iraq. Candido, formerly in charge at Brazilian clubs Santos and Flamengo, took over from countryman Nelsinho just before last year's Gulf Cup.

Saudi Arabia follow the Iraqis in calling in a few manager during the tonroament to choose two nations for the World Cup finals,

Iraq replaced Adnan Derial with the veteran Ama Baba Dawood after just one game in

Candido is one of a long line of top name Brazilian coaches to occupy the hot seat in charge of the Saudi team. Brazil-born Japanese oatural-



PARIS (AFP) — There was no shortage of goals and no pity shown to top clubs hoping for an easy day out in the European leagues this weekend.

Parma went clear on goal difference at the top of the Italian first division when they scored a 1-0 win over visiting Reggiana. But they had to work hard for the points against a team who have yet to win a match this seasoo.

A goal from Alessandro Melli after 14 minutes sunk lowly Reggiana but the absence of Colombian goal ace Faustino Aprilla made Parma

look lucklustre. They should still have won 2-0 hnt Gianfranco Zola hlasted a second-half penalty against the post.

The match was also marred by incidents after the match when local supporters tried to attack rival fans as they made their way to the station. Five arrests were made.

Twenty-four hours earlier police discovered Molotov cocktails and iron bars in a warehouse close to the railway line where Parma hooligans had been planning to attack trains carrying rival fans.

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### **NEWS IN BRIEF**

### Turkey wants to import Iraqi oll

NICOSIA (AP) — Turkey is pressing the United Nations to allow it to import Iraqi oil as Jordan is permitted to do, the Middle East Economic survey (MEES) reported Monday. The respected oil industry newsletter, published in Nicosia, said that Ankara argues that, like Jordan, turkey was traditiocally a major importer of oil from Iraq and have been badly hurt economically by U.N. sanctions against Baghdad. Turkish officials estimate that the trade embargo, imposed after Iraq iovaded Kowait in August 1990, bad cost Ankara some \$3 billion a year in lost trade and revenue from pumping Iraqi oil by pipeline to the Ceyhan terminal on the Mediterranean coast. Jordan, which depended even more heavily on trade with Iraq, is allowed to import some 50,000 barrels of Iraqi oil daily by the U.N. sanctions committee. Western oil industry sources say that Iraq is also trucking some 30,000 barrels of oil a day to Iran and some 20,000 to Turkes, apparently in violation of the sanctions. However, MEES did not indicate what volume of Iraqi oil the Turks are seeking.

#### Iraq holds airforce exercise

BAGHDAD (R) — Iraq's airforce, which played little part in the 1991 Gulf war, carried out a four-day military exercise close to the southern city of Kut. Baghdad newspapers reported Monday. The air exercise, which took place with U.S. and other Western planes enforcing no-fly zones over the north and south of the country, was the first announced since the end of the war in which a U.S.-led multinational coalition ejected Iraqi forces from Kuwait. "General Ali Hassan Al Majeed, the defence minister, attended the exercises performed by the falcons of our valiant airforce which continues for four consecutive days," the newspaper said. Kut, 180 kilometres south of Baghdad, is north of the 32nd Parallel declared by the United States, Britain and France as the southernmost limit for the Iraqi aircraft to fly.

#### Iran carries out missile manoeuvres

NICOSIA (AP) — Iran's news agency (IRNA) said Monday that Iranian forces are engaged in missile manoeuvres in the Gulf, amid reports that Tehran was planning to test-fire a medium-range missile capable of bitting Israel. The agency said the manoeuvres in the Gulf and the strategic Strait of Hormuz, the gateway to the waterway, were launched Friday. The exercises were code named "Saege-3" said IRNA. "Saeqe" means thunderbolt in the Iranian language. The Saudi daily, Alsharq Al Awsat, reported Saturday that Iran and North Korea were planning to test-fire a jnintly-built medium-range missile capable of reaching Israel from Iran, Tebran denies the report.

### EC 'dragging its feet' over trade — Rabin

TEL AVIV (AFP) — The European Community (EC) has been slow to improve its economic ties with Israel following the signing of the peace accord with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) nn Sept. 13, Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin has charged. In a speech at the Hebrew University here Sunday, quoted by Israeli newspapers, Mr. Rabin said the EC, had been "dragging its feet" over economie ties with Israel, and bad only pledged \$600 million in aid to the Palestinians during the transitional period. Mr. Rabin said the EC had "not done enough to secure the lifting of the Arab economic boycott of Israel," and had not made enough capital available for the Middle East economic development envisaged by peace negotiators. Mr. Rabin also said he was "shocked" at the EC's reluctance to renew a preferential trade agreement with Israel signed in 1975.

### Iranian radicals to make comeback

TEHRAN (AFP) - An organisation of Iranian radicals - the association of combatant clergy - is to stage a political comeback after an 18-month break, a statement published in newspapers said bere Mnnday. At a meeting Saturday the organisation's leaders agreed on the need to "have pobtical presence," the statement said, following a call from Iran's spiritual leader Ayatollah Ali Khamenei that the association renew its political activities. The radicals balted their political activities following their crushing defeat in parliamentary elections in April 1992, won by Islamic conservatives. However, they continued to criticise the policies of President Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani and his parliamentary backers.

### Prince of Wales to visit the Gulf

RIYADH (AP) - Prince Charles, beir to the British throne, will visit Saudi Arabia next month and two other Gulf states, British diplomats said Monday. The prince of Wales was expected to meet with King Fahd in the Red Sea Port city nf Jeddah during his Nov. 7-9 visit to Saudi Arabia, said the diplomats, who refused to be identified by name. He will then visit Kuwait and the United Arab Emirates, they said. Prince Charles last visited the kingdom in December 1990, to inspect British forces in the anti-Iraq coaliting. Britain was the second-largest contributor to the U.S.-led coalition that evicted Iraq from Kuwait in 1991 Gulf war.

### Libya to shut off itself

TRIPOLI (AFP) — Libya will break off communications with the rest of the world for 12 hours Tuesday as a mark of mnurning for victims of the Italian colonial period, Libya's nfficial radin said Monday. All Libya's international telecommunications will be suspected from 6;00 a.m. to 6;00 p.m. (0500 to 1700 GMT), the radio said, quoting a statement from the transport and communications ministry. All domestic flights will also be suspended. International air links with Libya were banned under a U.N. embargo imposed in April 1992. Tripoli claims that hundreds of thousands of Libyans were killed or deported during Italian colonial rule, between 1911 and 1942. Libyan leader Colnnel Muammar Qadhafi instituted a "day of mourning" in 1988 in commemoration of

### Blind cleric getting \$12,000 jail 'suite'

NEW YORK (AP) - The government is spending about \$12,000 to build a two-room jail "suite" for Sheikh Omar Abdul Rahman. Besides the standard bed, sink and toilet, Sheikb Abdul Rahman will have his own shower and a conference room with table and chairs in the Metropolitan Correctional Centre according to jails spokeswoman Sandra Burks. The cleric has sought to transfer from an upstate federal prison to be close to his lawyers while awaiting trial. Sheikh Abdul Rahman, 55, of Jersey City, is accused nf masterminding a conspiracy that included the Feb. 26 World Trade Centre bombing and a plot to blow up other New York City landmarks. Six people were killed and more than 1.000 injured in the trade centre bombing. Authorities cited security reasons for the construction.

### Iran, Kazakhstan agree on closer ties

ALMA-ATA (AFP) - Iran and Kazakhstan Monday agreed to boost economic cooperation to give new momentum to their relationship. Iranian President Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani told a news conference here the two countries bad "a large cooperation potential. If we carry out all our projects we will have very close ties with Kazakhstan." Agreements signed by President Nursultan Nazarbayev of Kazakhstan and Mr. Rafsanjani concern transports, notably maritime transport on the Caspian Sea, as well as industrial cooperation, customs and clearing operations between the two countries' central tanks. Mr. Nazarbayev said 1993 would bring "a surge in

### Commonwealth backs S. Africa, | Clinton and Mubarak | Callinn urges Turkish Cyprus pullout

LIMASSOL, Cyprus (Agencies) — The Commonwealth on Monday lauded progress towards racial democracy in South Africa, but warned the process remained "fragile" and that "opposition from the extreme right wing" was on the

"Major progress bad beeo made at the multi-party negotiations" in Sonth Africa, and April elections and last month's passage of the Transitional Executive Council bill were of "decisive importance," said the final resolution.

"The developments marked a point of irreversibility in the transition and brooght into sight the ending of apartheid, said the statement.

British Prime Minister John Mainr said the Commonwealth leaders bad also "agreed to take concrete steps to tackle drug barons by promoting measures to stop money laundering ... in essence to stop the movement of criminal money, to find out where it is and then take action to confiscate it."

In a press conference, Mr. Major praised democratic efforts in South Africa, saying "not all that long agn it was South Africa that divided us, now it is South Africa that

The Commonwealth summit demanded the speedy withdrawal of Turkish troops and mainland settlers from Cyprus taking a stronger than usual line on the war-divided island.

Instead of the dismissal of the Cyprus issue in one brief paragraph in the communiques of previous biennial summits. the draft, at the urging of the Greek Cypriot hosts of the biennial gathering, devoted four lengthy paragraphs to the

Using stronger language than ever it said that the Commonwealth leaders "emphasised the need for the speedy withdrawal from the Republic of Cyprus of all Turkish forces and settlers."

Previous summit communiques called for the withdrawai of "foreign troops and setders," using the same language as the U.N. Security Council resolutions on Cyprus which avoid mentioning Turkey by name.

The cummunique also emphasised the need "for the return of the refugees to their bomes in conditions of safety, the restoration and respect of buman rights of all Cyprints and the accounting of those

missing.
"Expressing concern at the

### emphasised that oothing shoold be done which would result in changes in the demograpbic structure of Cyprus.

Secretary-General Emeka Anyaoku has insisted Commonwealth action on Cyprus would be limited.

The 47 countries represented have already agreed to dispatch a high-level trade delegation to rescue stagnating negotiations oo the General Agreement oo Tariffs and Trade (GATT).

A five-nation team of foreign, finance and trade ministers will tour six capitals aimed at breaking the GATT dead-

The mission, from Barbados, Canada, Ghana, Malaysia and Mauritrus will travel to Geneva, Brussels, Bonn. Paris, Thkyo and Washington, ahead of the Dec. 15 deadline for conclusion of the GATT

Uruguay round.
Uruguay, the final round of the GATT talks, is stalled over disagreement amnng the United States, Japan and the European Community over Import tariffs and subsidies. particularly those included in the Blair House sub-accord between Washington and the European Community.

### **'Libyan** stand likely to

harden'

NICOSIA (AP) — An abortive coup reported in Libya last week is likely to make Colonel Muammar Qadhafi less willing to hand over two men wanted for the 1988 bombing of a Pan Am Jumbo jet, the Middle East Economic Survey (MEES) reported Monday.

The coup attempt by Libyan troops in the east of the country "will probably make Col. Qadhafi more insecure and hence even less willing than before to alienate his security services by handing over the two intelligence officers accused by the western powers of complicity in the bombing," the weekly's political analyst, Charles

"As a result of the coup attempt, therefore, further rather than less likely," be wrote in the respected oil industry newsletter published in Nicosia.

It was not clear whether the reported coup by some 2,000 troops was linked to growing internal pressures caused by sanctions imposed by the U.N. Security Council in April 1992 in retaliation for Libya's refusal to band over the suspected bombers wanted by British and U.S. anthurities.

But Mr. Snow noted: "It is not likely to help resolve Tripoli's current standoff with the United Nations.

The United States, Britain and France are driving to widen the weapons, aviation and diplomatic sanctions to force Libya to surrender the

wanted men.

The two Libyans are wanted for allegedly providing the timer of a bomb planted aboard the Pan Am Boeing 747. It exploded in mid-air over Lockerbie, Scotland, Dec. 21, 1988, killing all 259 people aboard the jetliner and 11 nn the

France is also demanding Libya band over four suspects wanted for the September 1989 bombing of a UTA airliner over Niger in which more than

The proposed new sanctions include a freeze nn Libyan assets held abroad and a ban on oil equipment, which coold in time seriously impair Libya's oil exports, the country's economic mainstay

Reports of the coup remain confused and often contradictory. But the trouble appears to bave centered on the towns of Misrata, 200 kilometres east of Tripob, and Bani Walid, 150 kilnmetres southeast of the capital.

The reports said that fighting erupted Oct. 13 and ended two days later after Libya's air force attacked mechanised columns moving toward Tripoli.

Since then, Mr. Snow noted, dozens of army officers have been arrested and a "purge of government employees bas be-

There has been no clear word of casualties in the fighting, it was the heaviest involving the Libyan military since spring 1986, when the army clashed with Libya's revolutinnary guards.

# call for resumption of Israel-Syria talks

WASHINGTON (Agencies) - President Bill Clinton and Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak called Monday for a resumption of bilateral talks between Israel and Syria to keep the Middle East peace

talks moving.

The two leaders emphasised the need for a resumption of bilateral Arab-Israeli talks after meeting for more than an hour at the White House.

"We have to keep going in this process until all the pieces are to place," Mr. Clinton said at a news conference with Mr. Mubarak, whom the U.S. president praised for helping bring about an autonomy agreement between Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation

(PLO). Mr. Mubarak said the Israel-PLO agreement signed Sept. 13 in Washington bad "boosted dramatically" the prospects for peace in the Middle East.

"On the other hand, negotiations on the other tracks must be resumed with full determination to reach agree-ment soon. Particularly important is the achievement of meaningful progress on the Syrian track promptly," he said.
"I believe the differences

between the two parties can be bridged within a short period of time," he said. Mr. Clinton said it was very important to the peace process

that talks between Israel and

Syria resume, bot be also stres-

sed the importance of maintaining a climate conducive to progress towards peace. There can't be a total peace in the Middle East unless there is some kind of peace with

Syria," Mr. Clinton added.

Asked whether U.S. aid to Egypt would be reduced, Mr. Clinton said he continued to support "strong" American aid to Israel, but said the aid issue would be "a matter of close conversation" with Mr. Mubarak when they resumed

their talks over lunch. Egypt receives \$2.1 billion in U.S. aid annually while Israel receives \$3 billion making them the two biggest recipients of U.S. foreign aid.

Mr. Mubarak, recently elected to his third term as president, said he was convinced that the gap between Israel and Syria "can be bridged within a short period of time.

The talks bave been stalled by Syrian reluctance to negotiate unless Israel guarantees in advance that it will cede back the Golan Heights.

"I believe that the people of Israel and the people of Syria want to see this process go forward," Mr. Clinton said. But Mr. Clinton also said we need to continue to make

progress on the other tracks,"

including implementing the Israel-PLO agreement. "We need to entry age a greater receptivity in . Level of contacts between Israel and the other Arab states," he

Mr. Clinton praised Mr. Mubarak for playing "a crucial role in the Mideast peace pro-

Mr. Mubarak invited Mr.

Clinton to visit Egypt. Mr. Clinton said that since be bad just gotten the invitation, "I paven't worked out my sche-Mr. Mubarak told reporters the tense and fragile ceasefire

between rival factions in Somalia was also discussed in his meeting with Mr. Clinton. "We are watching the situation very closely," he said.

His visit came amid extreme-

ly tight security, with concrete barriers erected to close off all traffic on Pennsylvania Avenne in front of the White Mr. Clinton said the security was "at the level we thought

appropriate because of all the

obvious tensions that surround

the Middle East peace pro-

### Washington presses Haiti compromise

PORT-AU-PRINCE (Agencies) — The United States Monday threw its support behind a compromise in Haiti that would remove the police from army control and give the military a congressionally ratified amnesty.

Embassy spokesman Stanley Schrager described the 11point plan first publicly outlined over the weekend as 'positive and useful" and worthy of consideration."

The spokesman stressed that the compromise leading to exiled President Jean-Bertrand Aristide's return bas come from deputies opposed to Mr. Aristide, ousted by army chief General Raonl Cedras in September 1991 after seven months in office.

Gen. Cedras and interim Prime Minister Robert Malval were set to meet Monday to discuss the deal in hopes of resolving a political standoff, reliable sources said here.

In a meeting Saturday be-tween Gen. Cedras and Mr. Malval, the pro-military legislators proposed a compromise that would ratify an amnesty given by the exiled president to the soldiers that overthrew him. It would also remove the police from army control and

expand the cabinet.
Mr. Schrager said the meeting lasted four hours. Gen. Cedras and Mr. Malval also met on Oct. 7 and have been in indirect communication since

then, said Mr. Malval. The U.S. spokesman said the United States backed the principle of a simultaneous vote on amnesty and separating the police and military. Expanding the cabinet would also strengthen Mr. Malval's interim government, he said.

But Mr. Schrager warned

that U.N. sanctions would not be lifted again until Mr. Aristide returned to power. An oil embargo bas crippled the transport sector.
The United Nations imposed

an arms and oil embargo in June but lifted it in August after Gen. Cedras signed an accord agreeing to let Mr. Aristide be reinstated. It was reimposed two weeks ago

U.N. envoy Dante Caputo appealed world leaders Monday to come to Haiti immediately to ensure security for lawmakers attempting to restore democracy.

Mr. Caputo, on live television and later in a news briefing, said such measures were needed given the state of terror in Haiti in the days preceding the scheduled return of Mr. Aristide.

Among former leaders whose presence Mr. Caputo has urged to come to Haiti within 48 hours are former presidents Jimmy Carter, Raul Alfonsin of Argentina, Julio Maria Sanguinetti of Uruguay, and former prime ministers Brian Mulroney of Canada and Michael Manley of Jamaica.

### To the readers of Al Ra'l and the **Jordan Times** Home delivery service now covers the following districts:

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### **Mother Teresa** meets Deng's son

PEKING (AFP) — Mothe Teresa met with paramoun leader Deng Xiaoping's disabled son Monday to discus general cooperation in carrie for the handicapped in China an official spokesman said The spokesman for the Chinese Federation for the Disabled refused to say whether Federation Chairman Deng Pufang and the 83-year old Albanian-born nun discussed specific projects, such a her plan to open her first Chinese Missionaries of Charity home for handicapped children in Shanghai. The 1975 Nobel Peace Prize winner, who arrived in Peking Saturday after spending one day in Shanghai, may return to the easterr city before leaving China, the spokesman confirmed. He de clined to give any dates or the reason for her return. Sources here said Mother Teresa. whose whole visit to China has been shrouded in mystery, had not planned to visit the capital and was now keen to return to

#### Diana asks to be 'roving U.K. envoy'

LONDON (R) — Princess Di-

ana, her future in doubt since

she separated from her bus-

Shanghai.

band Prince Charles, has asked Prime Minister John Major to help her assume a new role as a roving envoy for Britain, newspapers reported Monday: Prince Diana has spent almog a year in limbo since the co lapse of her marriage to the heir to the throne. Now the popular princess has enlisted Mr. Major's support in her fight to avoid being shunned by the royal establishment and banished from public life, the papers said. "He (Majnr) holds an unshakeable belief in Diana as a oational asset," the Daily Mail said, interpreting a meeting between the two last Wednesday as his move to balt the erosion of ber position. "He is known to be anxious to prevent her being sidelined by the Buckingham Palace hierarchy." The Mail said Mr. Major had overcome palace objections to clear the way for Dlana, the Princess of Wales, to visit Russia in late November. Officials confirmed Mr. Major visited the princess last week at her Kensingtons Palace home in central London but were tight-lipped as ever about what they had discussed. "We never discuss details of these sorts of exchanges," said a royal spokesman at Queen Elizabeth's Buckingham Palace. The Daily Express quoted "senior sonrces" as saying Princess Diana feared being sidelined by the queen's family. It said that in the "unprecedented crisis talks" she had sought Mr. Major's assurance that the government wanted

#### Drug addict who let baby starve to death arrested

her to continue as a senior

figure at home and abroad.

ZURICH (AP) — Police arrested a 31-year-old drug addict whose baby was left to starve to death with the family's two dogs. The discovery last week of the four-monthold boy's skeletal body in an apartment complex sent shock waves through Switzerland, where child neglect is rare. Police only discovered the body after neighbours complained about the smell. The infant bad apparently been abandoned for one month. Two dogs were also found dead on the balcony. The woman, a Yugoslav national who had lived in Switzerland for 16 years, was arrested in a part of Zurich popular with drug addicts after police rd ceived a tip-off.

### Chickens guard Australia against deadly invasion

SYDNEY (R) - Chickens have been stationed in Austraba's tropical north to guard against invasion by mosquitos carrying diseases such as Dengue fever, health officials said Monday. The 80 chickens, known as "sentinel hens," are stationed on the outskirts of Rockhampton on the central Queensland coast. "We have four flocks of 20 hens, one on the city's northern border, and they take the frontal attack from the mosquitos as they come into the city," said Greg Merry, chief health chicial with the Rockhampton City Council. "there are snother three flocks on the city's east forming a spearhead for sea-borne mosquitos," he said.

economic contacts" between the two countries.

### Strike on Iraq for 'Bush plot' was 'seriously flawed' known to the FBI and White - The White House has de-

WASHINGTON (Agencies) nied a report that President Bill Clinton's order to bomb Baghdad last June after an alleged plot to kill former President George Bush was based. on a "circumstantial" case that was overstated.

Seymour Hersb, a Pulitzer prize-winning investigative re-porter wrote in the New York magazine, that the case against Iraq, at least as ontlined in poblic was "seriously flawed."

The most glaring weakness, according to Mr. Hersh, was the assertion that a remotecontrol firing device found in a Kuwaiti carbomb had the same "signature" as previously recovered Iraqi bombs.

Mr. Hersb said be had contacted seven experts in electrical engineering and bomb fore-nsics and been told essentially the same thing by all. The remote control devices shown in pictures released by the White House were massproduced items that "had not cant way."

Mr. Clinton's senior adviser, George Stepbanopoulos, said the Hersh article was "outrageous." In a CNN interview, he said:

"Every government expert who looked at the bomb establisbed with certainty that it was the same profile as the Iraqi bombs, and there was no ques-tion about that by the FBI or the other government agencies that looked into it."

The article, in the magazine's Nov. 1 issue, says that other information has become

House "that there was a crucial, four-day gap between the arrest of the alleged assassins and their first mention of a carbomb and a plot to kill an American president,"

Mr. Stephannpoulos said the information about the assassination plot against Mr. Bush was solid. He said the lag time between the allegations and the actions taken by the presi-dent were "because he had a serious investigative effort by the FBI, the CIA and the Justice Department, and they established the connection

beyond a shadow of a doubt." The United States bombed Baghdad on June 26 after the Federal Bureau of Iovestigation (FBI) concluded that the Iraqi government had masterminded a plot to assassinate Mr. Bush during his visit to Kuwait in mid-April.

Eleven Iragis and three Kuwaitis were tried in Kuwait on charges of plotting the assassination attempt. The the case said it would issue a verdict by Saturday.

pleaded innocent. One Iraqi pleaded guilty, saying be re-ceived orders and explosives from Iraqi intelligence agents. The New Yorker article said the FBI report contained no "smoking gun" directly linking

Thirteen of the suspects

Iraq or any Iraqi officials to the alleged assassination attempt. But expecting that the report would quickly be leaked to the press, the president and bis seninr aides decided to order

the bombing, Mr. Hersh said.

### U.N. choppers, sensors scour Iraq for weapons

BAGHDAD (R) — U.N. arms experts are scouring Iraq with sophisticated helicopters and hi-tech sensors in their biggest-ever bunt for banned weapons, a United Nations in-spector said Monday.

Veteran Russian inspector Nikita Smidovich, leading a team of more than 50 experts, said they had inspected scores of declared and undeclared weapons sites during nearly a

month in 1raq. The arms inspection team is the biggest that the United Nations has sent to Iraq since the end of the 1991 Gulf war. Its main job is hunting for

bidden missiles and related "Because of operational requirements we are employing for the first time three additinnal helicopters and some sensors in support of inspec-tion activities," Mr. Smidovich

told Reuters. Working with Iraqi experts, the team moves around in a convoy of more than 20 vehi-

The helicopters usually in-

spect sites away from Bagh-dad. They have been spotted scouring the Iraqi desert as well as at Baghdad's College of Agricutture, at farms close to the capital, and at unexpected sites like bridges and re-

sidents, bouses. 'They inspected everything, including the toilets," a Baghdad University student said after the team's visit. "This is a multi-task missinn

and the emphasis is nn missile-

related items," Mr. Smidovich

1raq is allowed to keep missiles with a range np to 150 kilometres but under Gulf war ceasefire terms it must destroy the rest and the means of producing them.

"It is a long inspectinn. Quite a number of areas and sites were inspected," Mr. Smidovich said. He declined to say whether the team had found any banned weapons nr

"We're still in the middle of inspection so I cannot disclose the results," be said. Iraq handed over informa-

tion on its arms suppliers and

past weapons programme after

intensive talks with U.N. nfficials in Baghdad at the beginming of October. A seninr U.N. official later said Baghdad was close to meeting most of the Security Council's demands for scrapping its nuclear, ehemical, biological and ballistic

weapons. Mr. Smidovich said bis team's main jnb was to verify on the ground information given to the U.N. special commission on scrapping of Iraq's

weapons. But Bagbdad must still accept a strict U.N. weapons control and monitoring mechanism set out in Security Resolution 715.

Full compliance on weapons destruction and future munitoring is a prerequisite for any easing or lifting of U.N. sanctions which are crippling the Iraqi economy.

